

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS FOR

High Sulphidation Epithermal Au-Cu-Ag Ore

(Mt Carlton, Queensland, Australia)

OREAS 610

Summary Statistics for Key Analytes.

Constituent	Certified	Absolute Standard			Deviations	viations Relative Standard Deviation			eviations	s 5% window	
Constituent	Value	1SD	2SD Low	2SD High	3SD Low	3SD High	1RSD	2RSD	3RSD	Low	High
Pb Fire Assay											
Au, ppm	9.83	0.254	9.33	10.34	9.07	10.60	2.59%	5.17%	7.76%	9.34	10.33
4-Acid Digest	ion										
Ag, ppm	49.4	1.79	45.8	52.9	44.0	54.7	3.63%	7.25%	10.88%	46.9	51.8
Cu, wt.%	0.971	0.023	0.926	1.017	0.903	1.040	2.35%	4.71%	7.06%	0.923	1.020

SI unit equivalents: ppm, parts per million \equiv mg/kg \equiv μ g/g \equiv 0.0001 wt.% \equiv 1000 ppb, parts per billion.

Note 1: intervals may appear asymmetric due to rounding.

Note 2: the number of decimal places quoted does not imply accuracy of the certified value to this level but are given to minimise rounding errors when calculating 2SD and 3SD windows.



Document: COA-1400-OREAS610-R1

24-July-2019

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Table 1. Certified Values and Performance Gates for OREAS 610.

		Absolute Standard Deviations					Relative Standard Deviations				
Constituent	Certified		Absolute	Standard 	Deviations	S	Relative	Standard D	eviations	5% w	indow
Constituent	Value	1SD	2SD Low	2SD High	3SD Low	3SD High	1RSD	2RSD	3RSD	Low	High
Pb Fire Assay	<u>'</u>										
Au, ppm	9.83	0.254	9.33	10.34	9.07	10.60	2.59%	5.17%	7.76%	9.34	10.33
Aqua Regia D	igestion (sa	mple wei	ghts 10-5	0g)							
Au, ppm	9.81	0.341	9.13	10.49	8.79	10.83	3.47%	6.95%	10.42%	9.32	10.30
Infrared Com	bustion										
S, wt.%	4.12	0.157	3.80	4.43	3.65	4.59	3.81%	7.62%	11.42%	3.91	4.32
4-Acid Digest	ion										
Ag, ppm	49.4	1.79	45.8	52.9	44.0	54.7	3.63%	7.25%	10.88%	46.9	51.8
AI, wt.%	5.99	0.260	5.47	6.51	5.21	6.77	4.35%	8.70%	13.05%	5.69	6.29
As, ppm	2835	185	2464	3205	2279	3390	6.53%	13.07%	19.60%	2693	2976
Be, ppm	1.48	0.109	1.26	1.69	1.15	1.80	7.41%	14.83%	22.24%	1.40	1.55
Bi, ppm	224	10	204	243	195	253	4.33%	8.66%	12.99%	212	235
Ca, wt.%	0.241	0.014	0.213	0.269	0.198	0.283	5.85%	11.70%	17.55%	0.229	0.253
Cd, ppm	12.1	0.71	10.7	13.5	10.0	14.2	5.86%	11.72%	17.58%	11.5	12.7
Ce, ppm	46.7	4.46	37.8	55.6	33.3	60.1	9.56%	19.12%	28.68%	44.4	49.0
Co, ppm	7.72	0.305	7.11	8.33	6.81	8.64	3.95%	7.90%	11.85%	7.34	8.11
Cr, ppm	39.1	5.1	29.0	49.3	23.9	54.3	12.94%	25.88%	38.82%	37.2	41.1
Cs, ppm	2.16	0.146	1.86	2.45	1.72	2.59	6.78%	13.56%	20.34%	2.05	2.26
Cu, wt.%	0.971	0.023	0.926	1.017	0.903	1.040	2.35%	4.71%	7.06%	0.923	1.020
Dy, ppm	1.53	0.089	1.35	1.70	1.26	1.79	5.83%	11.66%	17.49%	1.45	1.60
Er, ppm	0.59	0.041	0.51	0.68	0.47	0.72	6.91%	13.81%	20.72%	0.56	0.62
Eu, ppm	0.77	0.051	0.67	0.87	0.62	0.92	6.58%	13.16%	19.75%	0.73	0.81
Fe, wt.%	2.37	0.077	2.21	2.52	2.14	2.60	3.24%	6.48%	9.72%	2.25	2.48
Ga, ppm	24.4	1.02	22.4	26.5	21.3	27.5	4.19%	8.38%	12.57%	23.2	25.6
Gd, ppm	2.86	0.256	2.34	3.37	2.09	3.63	8.98%	17.95%	26.93%	2.71	3.00
Hf, ppm	2.01	0.128	1.75	2.26	1.62	2.39	6.36%	12.71%	19.07%	1.91	2.11
Ho, ppm	0.22	0.021	0.17	0.26	0.15	0.28	9.84%	19.69%	29.53%	0.21	0.23
In, ppm	3.90	0.244	3.41	4.38	3.16	4.63	6.27%	12.55%	18.82%	3.70	4.09
K, wt.%	1.98	0.067	1.84	2.11	1.78	2.18	3.41%	6.82%	10.23%	1.88	2.08
La, ppm	20.4	4.4	11.6	29.2	7.1	33.6	21.67%	43.33%	65.00%	19.4	21.4
Li, ppm	28.4	1.35	25.8	31.1	24.4	32.5	4.73%	9.46%	14.19%	27.0	29.9
Mg, ppm	1557	91	1376	1738	1286	1829	5.81%	11.62%	17.43%	1480	1635
Mn, ppm	78	3.6	71	85	67	88	4.58%	9.16%	13.74%	74	82
Mo, ppm	4.82	0.332	4.15	5.48	3.82	5.81	6.89%	13.78%	20.67%	4.58	5.06
Na, wt.%	0.820	0.027	0.767	0.874	0.740	0.900	3.26%	6.51%	9.77%	0.779	0.861
Nb, ppm	8.27	0.430	7.41	9.13	6.98	9.56	5.20%	10.39%	15.59%	7.86	8.69
Nd, ppm	18.9	1.56	15.8	22.0	14.2	23.6	8.26%	16.52%	24.78%	17.9	19.8
Ni, ppm	24.6	1.17	22.3	27.0	21.1	28.1	4.74%	9.49%	14.23%	23.4	25.8
P, ppm	554	36	481	627	445	663	6.57%	13.14%	19.71%	527	582
Pb, ppm	662	42	577	747	534	789	6.42%	12.84%	19.27%	629	695
Pr, ppm	5.09	0.61	3.88	6.31	3.27	6.92	11.93%	23.87%	35.80%	4.84	5.35
· · · , rp····	1 3.00	3.51	3.00	3.01	J.L1	3.02		_5.5. /6	55.5576	1.07	3.50

SI unit equivalents: ppm, parts per million \equiv mg/kg \equiv μ g/g \equiv 0.0001 wt.% \equiv 1000 ppb, parts per billion.

Note 1: intervals may appear asymmetric due to rounding.

Note 2: the number of decimal places quoted does not imply accuracy of the certified value to this level but are given to minimise rounding errors when calculating 2SD and 3SD windows.



Table 1 continued.

Constituen				Absolute		Deviations		Relative	Standard D	eviations	5% window	
4-Acid Digstistorcontistorus Low High Low High New High New High New High New High Action Digstistor Low High Low High Low High Low High Action Action <th< td=""><td>Constituent</td><td>Certified</td><td></td><td>1</td><td>T</td><td>ı</td><td>T</td><td>rtolairo</td><td></td><td>I</td><td>070 11</td><td> </td></th<>	Constituent	Certified		1	T	ı	T	rtolairo		I	070 11	
Rb. ppm		Value	1SD					1RSD	2RSD	3RSD	Low	High
S, wi.% 4.07 0.146 3.78 4.36 3.63 4.51 3.59% 7.18% 10.77% 3.87 4.27 Sb, ppm 299 16 266 332 250 348 5.50% 11.01% 16.61% 224 314 Sc, ppm 3.06 0.240 25.88 3.54 2.34 3.78 7.83% 7.63% 51.66% 32.49% 2.91 3.22 Sm, ppm 3.68 0.281 3.11 4.24 2.83 4.52 7.64% 15.29% 22.93% 3.49 3.68 Sn, ppm 27.1 2.02 23.1 31.2 21.1 33.2 7.44% 14.88% 22.39% 3.68 Sn, ppm 3.06 28 3.06 0.65 0.08 1.08 1.21% 3.24 2.88 3.8 3.6 4.79% 1.24% 1.24% 1.29% 2.28 2.85 2.85 2.85 1.57 1.7 1.1 3.30 3.6 1.33 <td< td=""><td>4-Acid Digest</td><td>ion continue</td><td>ed</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	4-Acid Digest	ion continue	ed									
Sb. ppm 299 16 266 332 250 348 5.50% 11.01% 66.51% 284 314 Sc. ppm 3.06 0.240 2.288 3.54 2.34 3.78 7.83% 16.68% 23.49% 2.91 3.22 Se, ppm 29.1 3.0 22.32 35.1 20.2 38.0 10.21% 20.42% 30.64% 27.7 3.06 Sn, ppm 3.68 0.281 3.11 4.24 2.83 4.52 7.64% 15.29% 22.33% 3.9 3.68 5.79m 306 28 25.0 361 223 389 9.06% 18.13% 27.79% 290 32.5 To, ppm 3.06 0.28 0.55 0.76 0.55 0.06 6.23% 12.46 18.79% 22.46% 15.97% 22.40 33.1 25.27 11.11 11.01 11.01 18.10 20.1 11.01 11.01 18.10 20.1 11.11 11.01 18.2 <td>Rb, ppm</td> <td>65</td> <td>3.6</td> <td>58</td> <td>72</td> <td>55</td> <td>76</td> <td>5.49%</td> <td>10.98%</td> <td>16.47%</td> <td>62</td> <td>69</td>	Rb, ppm	65	3.6	58	72	55	76	5.49%	10.98%	16.47%	62	69
Sc, ppm 3.06 0.240 2.58 3.54 2.34 3.78 7.83% 15.66% 23.49% 2.91 3.22 Se, ppm 29.1 3.0 23.2 35.1 20.2 38.0 10.21% 20.42% 30.64% 27.7 3.06 Sm, ppm 3.68 0.281 3.11 4.24 2.83 4.52 7.64% 14.88% 22.29% 3.49 3.88 Sn, ppm 3.06 2.8 250 361 223 389 9.0% 18.13% 27.19% 290 321 Ta, ppm 0.68 0.042 0.59 0.76 0.55 0.80 6.23% 12.46 18.70% 0.64 0.71 Tb, ppm 0.31 0.06 0.159 0.76 0.55 0.80 6.23% 11.68 0.93 19.10 18.10 18.10 18.10 18.10 18.10 18.10 18.10 18.10 18.10 18.10 18.10 18.10 19.10 18.10 18.	S, wt.%	4.07	0.146	3.78	4.36	3.63	4.51	3.59%	7.18%	10.77%	3.87	4.27
Se, ppm 29.1 3.0 23.2 35.1 20.2 38.0 10.21% 20.42% 30.64% 27.7 30.8 Sm, ppm 3.68 0.281 3.11 4.24 2.83 4.52 7.64% 16.29% 22.3% 3.96 3.86 Sn, ppm 27.1 2.02 23.1 31.2 21.1 33.2 7.44% 14.86% 22.3% 3.86 Sr, ppm 306 28 250 361 223 389 9.06% 18.13% 22.19% 2.28 28.5 Ta, ppm 0.68 0.042 0.59 0.76 0.55 0.06 6.23% 12.46% 18.13% 2.21% 0.20 0.33 Te, ppm 41.6 0.19 0.43 48.2 5.32% 10.64% 15.90 3.33 Te, ppm 41.6 0.17 6.68 11.08 0.75 12.14 11.91% 3.66% 6.73% 3.41 6.150 12.14 11.91% 16.66% 1.75<	Sb, ppm	299	16	266	332	250	348	5.50%	11.01%	16.51%	284	314
Sm, ppm 3.68 0.281 3.11 4.24 2.83 4.52 7.64% 15.29% 22.93% 3.49 3.86 Sn, ppm 27.1 2.02 23.1 31.2 21.1 33.2 7.44% 14.88% 22.32% 25.8 28.5 Sr, ppm 306 28 250 361 223 389 9.06% 18.13% 27.19% 290 321 Ta, ppm 0.68 0.042 0.59 0.76 0.55 0.80 6.23% 12.46% 18.73% 0.29 0.33 To, ppm 41.6 2.21 37.1 46.0 34.9 48.2 5.32% 10.64% 15.97% 39.5 43.6 Th, ppm 4.95 1.07 6.82 11.08 5.75 12.14 11.91% 23.83% 35.74% 8.50 9.39 Ti, ppm 1.32 1.21 1.61 2.06 1.50 2.17 6.12% 1.13% 2.50 2.76 U, ppm	Sc, ppm	3.06	0.240	2.58	3.54	2.34	3.78	7.83%	15.66%	23.49%	2.91	3.22
Sn, ppm 27.1 2.02 23.1 31.2 21.1 33.2 7.44% 14.88% 22.3% 25.8 28.5 Sr, ppm 306 28 250 361 223 389 9.06% 18.13% 27.19% 290 321 Ta, ppm 0.68 0.042 0.59 0.76 0.55 0.80 6.23% 12.46% 18.17% 0.64 0.71 Tb, ppm 0.31 0.06 0.19 0.43 0.13 0.49 19.81% 39.62% 59.43% 0.29 0.33 43.6 1.07 18.62 11.08 5.75 12.14 11.91% 23.83% 35.74% 8.50 9.39 7.74 11.00 1.06 1.15 1.00 1.15 1.11 11.11 11.11 1.11 2.06 1.150 0.183 3.36% 6.73% 1.09% 0.155 0.152 0.176 0.126 0.183 3.36% 6.73% 1.09% 0.250 0.158 0.175 1.132 <td< td=""><td>Se, ppm</td><td>29.1</td><td>3.0</td><td>23.2</td><td>35.1</td><td>20.2</td><td>38.0</td><td>10.21%</td><td>20.42%</td><td>30.64%</td><td>27.7</td><td>30.6</td></td<>	Se, ppm	29.1	3.0	23.2	35.1	20.2	38.0	10.21%	20.42%	30.64%	27.7	30.6
Sr, ppm 306 28 250 361 223 389 9.06% 18.13% 27.19% 290 321 Ta, ppm 0.68 0.042 0.59 0.76 0.55 0.80 6.23% 12.46% 18.70% 0.64 0.71 Tb, ppm 0.31 0.06 0.19 0.43 0.13 0.49 19.81% 39.62% 59.43% 0.29 0.33 Th, ppm 41.6 2.21 37.1 46.0 34.9 48.2 5.32% 10.64% 15.97% 8.50 9.39 Ti, wt.% 0.167 0.006 0.155 0.175 0.150 0.183 3.36% 6.73% 10.09% 0.158 0.15 Ti, ppm 1.84 0.112 1.61 2.06 1.50 2.17 6.12% 12.24% 18.36% 1.75 1.23 U, ppm 2.63 0.116 2.40 2.86 2.28 2.98 4.40% 8.83% 12.1% 2.50 2.76	Sm, ppm	3.68	0.281	3.11	4.24	2.83	4.52	7.64%	15.29%	22.93%	3.49	3.86
Ta, ppm 0.68 0.042 0.59 0.76 0.55 0.80 6.23% 12.46% 18.70% 0.64 0.71 Tb, ppm 0.31 0.06 0.19 0.43 0.13 0.49 19.81% 39.62% 59.43% 0.29 0.33 Te, ppm 41.6 2.21 37.1 46.0 34.9 48.2 5.32% 10.64% 15.97% 39.5 43.6 Th, ppm 8.95 1.07 6.82 11.08 5.75 12.14 11.91% 23.83% 35.74% 8.50 9.39 Ti, wt.% 0.167 0.006 0.155 0.178 0.150 0.217 6.12% 12.24% 18.36% 1.75 1.75 U, ppm 1.84 0.112 1.61 2.06 1.50 2.17 6.12% 18.36% 1.75 12.14 11.99% 4.86% 12.99 2.50 9.39 U, ppm 1.53 3.31 2.65 2.88 4.40% 8.81% 12.24%	Sn, ppm	27.1	2.02	23.1	31.2	21.1	33.2	7.44%	14.88%	22.32%	25.8	28.5
The part The part	Sr, ppm	306	28	250	361	223	389	9.06%	18.13%	27.19%	290	321
Te, ppm 41.6 2.21 37.1 46.0 34.9 48.2 5.32% 10.64% 15.97% 39.5 43.6 Th, ppm 8.95 1.07 6.82 11.08 5.75 12.14 11.91% 23.83% 35.74% 8.50 9.39 Ti, ppm 1.84 0.112 1.61 2.06 1.50 2.17 6.12% 12.24% 18.36% 1.75 1.93 U, ppm 2.63 0.116 2.40 2.86 2.28 2.98 4.40% 8.81% 13.21% 2.50 2.76 V, ppm 3.05 1.32 27.8 33.1 26.5 34.4 4.32% 8.64% 12.96% 29.0 32.0 V, ppm 3.05 0.420 6.73 8.41 6.31 8.83 5.55% 11.10% 16.66% 7.19 7.94 Y, ppm 6.59 0.366 5.86 7.32 5.49 7.69 5.55% 11.11% 16.66% 7.19 7.94 <t< td=""><td>Ta, ppm</td><td>0.68</td><td>0.042</td><td>0.59</td><td>0.76</td><td>0.55</td><td>0.80</td><td>6.23%</td><td>12.46%</td><td>18.70%</td><td>0.64</td><td>0.71</td></t<>	Ta, ppm	0.68	0.042	0.59	0.76	0.55	0.80	6.23%	12.46%	18.70%	0.64	0.71
Th, ppm 8.95 1.07 6.82 11.08 5.75 12.14 11.91% 23.83% 35.74% 8.50 9.39 Ti, wt.% 0.167 0.006 0.155 0.178 0.150 0.183 3.36% 6.73% 10.09% 0.158 0.175 Ti, ppm 1.84 0.112 1.61 2.06 1.50 2.17 6.12% 12.24% 18.36% 1.75 1.93 U, ppm 2.63 0.116 2.40 2.86 2.28 2.98 4.40% 8.81% 13.21% 2.50 2.76 V, ppm 30.5 1.32 27.8 33.1 26.5 34.4 4.32% 8.64% 12.96% 29.0 32.0 W, ppm 7.57 0.420 6.73 3.41 6.31 8.35 5.55% 11.11% 16.66% 6.26 6.92 Yb, ppm 0.52 0.05 0.41 0.63 0.36 0.68 10.21% 20.42% 0.48 0.52	Tb, ppm	0.31	0.06	0.19	0.43	0.13	0.49	19.81%	39.62%	59.43%	0.29	0.33
Ti, wt.% 0.167 0.006 0.155 0.178 0.150 0.183 3.36% 6.73% 10.09% 0.158 0.175 Ti, ppm 1.84 0.112 1.61 2.06 1.50 2.17 6.12% 12.24% 18.36% 1.75 1.93 U, ppm 2.63 0.116 2.40 2.86 2.28 2.98 4.40% 8.81% 13.21% 2.50 2.76 V, ppm 30.5 1.32 27.8 33.1 26.5 34.4 4.32% 8.64% 12.96% 29.0 32.0 W, ppm 7.57 0.420 6.73 8.41 6.31 8.83 5.55% 11.11% 16.66% 6.26 6.92 Y, ppm 6.59 0.366 5.66 7.32 5.49 7.69 5.55% 11.11% 16.66% 6.26 6.92 Zh, ppm 0.52 0.05 0.41 0.63 0.36 0.68 10.21% 20.43% 0.23 0.66 1841	Te, ppm	41.6	2.21	37.1	46.0	34.9	48.2	5.32%	10.64%	15.97%	39.5	43.6
Ti, ppm	Th, ppm	8.95	1.07	6.82	11.08	5.75	12.14	11.91%	23.83%	35.74%	8.50	9.39
U, ppm 2.63 0.116 2.40 2.86 2.28 2.98 4.40% 8.81% 13.21% 2.50 2.76 V, ppm 30.5 1.32 27.8 33.1 26.5 34.4 4.32% 8.64% 12.96% 29.0 32.0 W, ppm 7.57 0.420 6.73 8.41 6.31 8.83 5.55% 11.10% 16.65% 7.19 7.94 Y, ppm 6.59 0.366 5.86 7.32 5.49 7.69 5.55% 11.11% 16.66% 6.26 6.92 Yb, ppm 0.52 0.05 0.41 0.63 0.36 0.68 10.21% 20.42% 30.63% 0.49 0.55 Zh, ppm 1754 74 1605 1902 1530 1977 4.24% 8.49% 12.73% 1666 1841 Zr, ppm 61 5.2 50 71 45 76 8.59% 17.17% 25.76% 58 64 Aquare	Ti, wt.%	0.167	0.006	0.155	0.178	0.150	0.183	3.36%	6.73%	10.09%	0.158	0.175
V, ppm 30.5 1.32 27.8 33.1 26.5 34.4 4.32% 8.64% 12.96% 29.0 32.0 W, ppm 7.57 0.420 6.73 8.41 6.31 8.83 5.55% 11.10% 16.65% 7.19 7.94 Y, ppm 6.59 0.366 5.86 7.32 5.49 7.69 5.55% 11.11% 16.66% 6.26 6.92 Yb, ppm 0.52 0.05 0.41 0.63 0.36 0.68 10.21% 20.42% 30.63% 0.49 0.55 Zn, ppm 1754 74 1605 1902 1530 1977 4.24% 8.49% 12.73% 1666 1841 Zr, ppm 61 5.2 50 71 45 76 8.59% 17.17% 25.76% 58 64 Aqua Regia Digestion 48.4 2.02 44.4 52.5 42.4 54.5 4.17% 8.35% 12.52% 46.0 50.9	TI, ppm	1.84	0.112	1.61	2.06	1.50	2.17	6.12%	12.24%	18.36%	1.75	1.93
W, ppm 7.57 0.420 6.73 8.41 6.31 8.83 5.55% 11.10% 16.65% 7.19 7.94 Y, ppm 6.59 0.366 5.86 7.32 5.49 7.69 5.55% 11.11% 16.66% 6.26 6.92 Yb, ppm 0.52 0.05 0.41 0.63 0.36 0.68 10.21% 20.42% 30.63% 0.49 0.55 Zn, ppm 1754 74 1605 1902 1530 1977 4.24% 8.49% 12.73% 1666 1841 Zr, ppm 61 5.2 50 71 45 76 8.59% 17.17% 25.76% 58 64 Aqua Regia Digestion Al, wt.% 0.847 0.058 0.732 0.963 0.674 1.020 6.81% 13.63% 20.44% 0.805 0.890 As, ppm 2807 151 2504 3109 2353 3261 5.39% 10.78% 16.17%	U, ppm	2.63	0.116	2.40	2.86	2.28	2.98	4.40%	8.81%	13.21%	2.50	2.76
Y, ppm 6.59 0.366 5.86 7.32 5.49 7.69 5.55% 11.11% 16.66% 6.26 6.92 Yb, ppm 0.52 0.05 0.41 0.63 0.36 0.68 10.21% 20.42% 30.63% 0.49 0.55 Zn, ppm 1754 74 1605 1902 1530 1977 4.24% 8.49% 12.73% 1666 1841 Zr, ppm 61 5.2 50 71 45 76 8.59% 17.17% 25.76% 58 64 Aqua Regia Digestion Aqua Regia Digestion 50.88 0.732 0.963 0.674 1.020 6.81% 13.63% 20.44% 0.805 0.99 Al, wt.% 0.847 0.058 0.732 0.963 0.674 1.020 6.81% 13.63% 20.44% 0.805 0.890 As, ppm 2807 151 2504 3109 2353 3261 5.39% 10.78% 16.17%	V, ppm	30.5	1.32	27.8	33.1	26.5	34.4	4.32%	8.64%	12.96%	29.0	32.0
Yb, ppm 0.52 0.05 0.41 0.63 0.36 0.68 10.21% 20.42% 30.63% 0.49 0.55 Zn, ppm 1754 74 1605 1902 1530 1977 4.24% 8.49% 12.73% 1666 1841 Zr, ppm 61 5.2 50 71 45 76 8.59% 17.17% 25.76% 58 64 Aqua Regia Digestion Ag, ppm 48.4 2.02 44.4 52.5 42.4 54.5 4.17% 8.35% 12.52% 46.0 50.9 Al, wt.% 0.847 0.058 0.732 0.963 0.674 1.020 6.81% 13.63% 20.44% 0.805 0.890 As, ppm 2807 151 2504 3109 2353 3261 5.39% 10.78% 16.17% 2666 2947 Be, ppm 0.29 0.024 0.24 0.34 0.22 0.36 8.27% 16.54% 24.81%	W, ppm	7.57	0.420	6.73	8.41	6.31	8.83	5.55%	11.10%	16.65%	7.19	7.94
Zn, ppm 1754 74 1605 1902 1530 1977 4.24% 8.49% 12.73% 1666 1841 Zr, ppm 61 5.2 50 71 45 76 8.59% 17.17% 25.76% 58 64 Aqua Regia Digestion Ag, ppm 48.4 2.02 44.4 52.5 42.4 54.5 4.17% 8.35% 12.52% 46.0 50.9 Al, wt.% 0.847 0.058 0.732 0.963 0.674 1.020 6.81% 13.63% 20.44% 0.805 0.890 As, ppm 2807 151 2504 3109 2353 3261 5.39% 10.78% 16.17% 2666 2947 Be, ppm 0.29 0.024 0.24 0.34 0.22 0.36 8.27% 16.54% 24.81% 0.28 0.30 Bi, ppm 220 11 197 242 186 254 5.16% 10.32% 15.48% <	Y, ppm	6.59	0.366	5.86	7.32	5.49	7.69	5.55%	11.11%	16.66%	6.26	6.92
Zr, ppm 61 5.2 50 71 45 76 8.59% 17.17% 25.76% 58 64 Aqua Regia Digestion Ag, ppm 48.4 2.02 44.4 52.5 42.4 54.5 4.17% 8.35% 12.52% 46.0 50.9 Al, wt.% 0.847 0.058 0.732 0.963 0.674 1.020 6.81% 13.63% 20.44% 0.805 0.890 As, ppm 2807 151 2504 3109 2353 3261 5.39% 10.78% 16.17% 2666 2947 Be, ppm 0.29 0.024 0.24 0.34 0.22 0.36 8.27% 16.54% 24.81% 0.28 0.30 Bi, ppm 220 11 197 242 186 254 5.16% 10.32% 15.48% 209 231 Ca, wt.% 0.120 0.006 0.107 0.132 0.101 0.139 5.18% 10.36% 15.53% 0	Yb, ppm	0.52	0.05	0.41	0.63	0.36	0.68	10.21%	20.42%	30.63%	0.49	0.55
Aqua Regia Digestion Ag. ppm 48.4 2.02 44.4 52.5 42.4 54.5 4.17% 8.35% 12.52% 46.0 50.9 Al, wt.% 0.847 0.058 0.732 0.963 0.674 1.020 6.81% 13.63% 20.44% 0.805 0.890 As, ppm 2807 151 2504 3109 2353 3261 5.39% 10.78% 16.17% 2666 2947 Be, ppm 0.29 0.024 0.24 0.34 0.22 0.36 8.27% 16.54% 24.81% 0.28 0.30 Bi, ppm 220 11 197 242 186 254 5.16% 10.32% 15.48% 209 231 Ca, wt.% 0.120 0.006 0.107 0.132 0.101 0.139 5.18% 10.36% 15.53% 0.114 0.126 Cd, ppm 12.3 0.59 11.1 13.4 10.5 14.0 4.79% 9.59% 14.38% 11.6	Zn, ppm	1754	74	1605	1902	1530	1977	4.24%	8.49%	12.73%	1666	1841
Ag, ppm 48.4 2.02 44.4 52.5 42.4 54.5 4.17% 8.35% 12.52% 46.0 50.9 Al, wt.% 0.847 0.058 0.732 0.963 0.674 1.020 6.81% 13.63% 20.44% 0.805 0.890 As, ppm 2807 151 2504 3109 2353 3261 5.39% 10.78% 16.17% 2666 2947 Be, ppm 0.29 0.024 0.24 0.34 0.22 0.36 8.27% 16.54% 24.81% 0.28 0.30 Bi, ppm 220 11 197 242 186 254 5.16% 10.32% 15.48% 209 231 Ca, wt.% 0.120 0.006 0.107 0.132 0.101 0.139 5.18% 10.36% 15.53% 0.114 0.126 Cd, ppm 12.3 0.59 11.1 13.4 10.5 14.0 4.79% 9.59% 14.38% 11.6 12.9	Zr, ppm	61	5.2	50	71	45	76	8.59%	17.17%	25.76%	58	64
Al, wt.% 0.847 0.058 0.732 0.963 0.674 1.020 6.81% 13.63% 20.44% 0.805 0.890 As, ppm 2807 151 2504 3109 2353 3261 5.39% 10.78% 16.17% 2666 2947 Be, ppm 0.29 0.024 0.24 0.34 0.22 0.36 8.27% 16.54% 24.81% 0.28 0.30 Bi, ppm 220 11 197 242 186 254 5.16% 10.32% 15.48% 209 231 Ca, wt.% 0.120 0.006 0.107 0.132 0.101 0.139 5.18% 10.36% 15.53% 0.114 0.126 Cd, ppm 12.3 0.59 11.1 13.4 10.5 14.0 4.79% 9.59% 14.38% 11.6 12.9 Ce, ppm 13.7 1.06 11.6 15.9 10.5 16.9 7.73% 15.47% 23.20% 13.0 14.4 Co, ppm 7.73 0.372 6.98 8.47 6.61 8.84 4.82% 9.64% 14.46% 7.34 8.11 Cr, ppm 33.1 2.57 27.9 38.2 25.3 40.8 7.78% 15.57% 23.35% 31.4 34.7 Cs, ppm 0.74 0.032 0.67 0.80 0.64 0.83 4.40% 8.80% 13.20% 0.70 0.77 Cu, wt.% 0.972 0.027 0.918 1.025 0.891 1.052 2.75% 5.51% 8.26% 0.923 1.020 Fe, wt.% 2.27 0.122 2.03 2.52 1.91 2.64 5.38% 10.77% 16.15% 2.16 2.39 Ga, ppm 6.36 0.424 5.51 7.21 5.09 7.63 6.67% 13.35% 20.02% 6.04 6.68 Hf, ppm 0.38 0.029 0.33 0.44 0.30 0.47 7.46% 14.92% 22.37% 0.36 0.40 Hg, ppm 0.80 0.059 0.68 0.92 0.62 0.98 7.40% 14.80% 22.19% 0.76 0.84 In, ppm 3.76 0.107 3.55 3.98 3.44 4.08 2.83% 5.67% 8.50% 3.57 3.95	Aqua Regia D	igestion										
As, ppm 2807 151 2504 3109 2353 3261 5.39% 10.78% 16.17% 2666 2947 Be, ppm 0.29 0.024 0.24 0.34 0.22 0.36 8.27% 16.54% 24.81% 0.28 0.30 Bi, ppm 220 11 197 242 186 254 5.16% 10.32% 15.48% 209 231 Ca, wt.% 0.120 0.006 0.107 0.132 0.101 0.139 5.18% 10.36% 15.53% 0.114 0.126 Cd, ppm 12.3 0.59 11.1 13.4 10.5 14.0 4.79% 9.59% 14.38% 11.6 12.9 Ce, ppm 13.7 1.06 11.6 15.9 10.5 16.9 7.73% 15.47% 23.20% 13.0 14.4 Co, ppm 7.73 0.372 6.98 8.47 6.61 8.84 4.82% 9.64% 14.46% 7.34 8.11	Ag, ppm	48.4	2.02	44.4	52.5	42.4	54.5	4.17%	8.35%	12.52%	46.0	50.9
Be, ppm 0.29 0.024 0.24 0.34 0.22 0.36 8.27% 16.54% 24.81% 0.28 0.30 Bi, ppm 220 11 197 242 186 254 5.16% 10.32% 15.48% 209 231 Ca, wt.% 0.120 0.006 0.107 0.132 0.101 0.139 5.18% 10.36% 15.53% 0.114 0.126 Cd, ppm 12.3 0.59 11.1 13.4 10.5 14.0 4.79% 9.59% 14.38% 11.6 12.9 Ce, ppm 13.7 1.06 11.6 15.9 10.5 16.9 7.73% 15.47% 23.20% 13.0 14.4 Co, ppm 7.73 0.372 6.98 8.47 6.61 8.84 4.82% 9.64% 14.46% 7.34 8.11 Cr, ppm 33.1 2.57 27.9 38.2 25.3 40.8 7.78% 15.57% 23.35% 31.4 34.7 <tr< td=""><td>Al, wt.%</td><td>0.847</td><td>0.058</td><td>0.732</td><td>0.963</td><td>0.674</td><td>1.020</td><td>6.81%</td><td>13.63%</td><td>20.44%</td><td>0.805</td><td>0.890</td></tr<>	Al, wt.%	0.847	0.058	0.732	0.963	0.674	1.020	6.81%	13.63%	20.44%	0.805	0.890
Bi, ppm 220 11 197 242 186 254 5.16% 10.32% 15.48% 209 231 Ca, wt.% 0.120 0.006 0.107 0.132 0.101 0.139 5.18% 10.36% 15.53% 0.114 0.126 Cd, ppm 12.3 0.59 11.1 13.4 10.5 14.0 4.79% 9.59% 14.38% 11.6 12.9 Ce, ppm 13.7 1.06 11.6 15.9 10.5 16.9 7.73% 15.47% 23.20% 13.0 14.4 Co, ppm 7.73 0.372 6.98 8.47 6.61 8.84 4.82% 9.64% 14.46% 7.34 8.11 Cr, ppm 33.1 2.57 27.9 38.2 25.3 40.8 7.78% 15.57% 23.35% 31.4 34.7 Cs, ppm 0.74 0.032 0.67 0.80 0.64 0.83 4.40% 8.80% 13.20% 0.70 0.77	As, ppm	2807	151	2504	3109	2353	3261	5.39%	10.78%	16.17%	2666	2947
Ca, wt.% 0.120 0.006 0.107 0.132 0.101 0.139 5.18% 10.36% 15.53% 0.114 0.126 Cd, ppm 12.3 0.59 11.1 13.4 10.5 14.0 4.79% 9.59% 14.38% 11.6 12.9 Ce, ppm 13.7 1.06 11.6 15.9 10.5 16.9 7.73% 15.47% 23.20% 13.0 14.4 Co, ppm 7.73 0.372 6.98 8.47 6.61 8.84 4.82% 9.64% 14.46% 7.34 8.11 Cr, ppm 33.1 2.57 27.9 38.2 25.3 40.8 7.78% 15.57% 23.35% 31.4 34.7 Cs, ppm 0.74 0.032 0.67 0.80 0.64 0.83 4.40% 8.80% 13.20% 0.70 0.77 Cu, wt.% 0.972 0.027 0.918 1.025 0.891 1.052 2.75% 5.51% 8.26% 0.923 1.020	Be, ppm	0.29	0.024	0.24	0.34	0.22	0.36	8.27%	16.54%	24.81%	0.28	0.30
Cd, ppm 12.3 0.59 11.1 13.4 10.5 14.0 4.79% 9.59% 14.38% 11.6 12.9 Ce, ppm 13.7 1.06 11.6 15.9 10.5 16.9 7.73% 15.47% 23.20% 13.0 14.4 Co, ppm 7.73 0.372 6.98 8.47 6.61 8.84 4.82% 9.64% 14.46% 7.34 8.11 Cr, ppm 33.1 2.57 27.9 38.2 25.3 40.8 7.78% 15.57% 23.35% 31.4 34.7 Cs, ppm 0.74 0.032 0.67 0.80 0.64 0.83 4.40% 8.80% 13.20% 0.70 0.77 Cu, wt.% 0.972 0.027 0.918 1.025 0.891 1.052 2.75% 5.51% 8.26% 0.923 1.020 Fe, wt.% 2.27 0.122 2.03 2.52 1.91 2.64 5.38% 10.77% 16.15% 2.16 2.39	Bi, ppm	220	11	197	242	186	254	5.16%	10.32%	15.48%	209	231
Ce, ppm 13.7 1.06 11.6 15.9 10.5 16.9 7.73% 15.47% 23.20% 13.0 14.4 Co, ppm 7.73 0.372 6.98 8.47 6.61 8.84 4.82% 9.64% 14.46% 7.34 8.11 Cr, ppm 33.1 2.57 27.9 38.2 25.3 40.8 7.78% 15.57% 23.35% 31.4 34.7 Cs, ppm 0.74 0.032 0.67 0.80 0.64 0.83 4.40% 8.80% 13.20% 0.70 0.77 Cu, wt.% 0.972 0.027 0.918 1.025 0.891 1.052 2.75% 5.51% 8.26% 0.923 1.020 Fe, wt.% 2.27 0.122 2.03 2.52 1.91 2.64 5.38% 10.77% 16.15% 2.16 2.39 Ga, ppm 6.36 0.424 5.51 7.21 5.09 7.63 6.67% 13.35% 20.02% 6.04 6.68 <td>Ca, wt.%</td> <td>0.120</td> <td>0.006</td> <td>0.107</td> <td>0.132</td> <td>0.101</td> <td>0.139</td> <td>5.18%</td> <td>10.36%</td> <td>15.53%</td> <td>0.114</td> <td>0.126</td>	Ca, wt.%	0.120	0.006	0.107	0.132	0.101	0.139	5.18%	10.36%	15.53%	0.114	0.126
Co, ppm 7.73 0.372 6.98 8.47 6.61 8.84 4.82% 9.64% 14.46% 7.34 8.11 Cr, ppm 33.1 2.57 27.9 38.2 25.3 40.8 7.78% 15.57% 23.35% 31.4 34.7 Cs, ppm 0.74 0.032 0.67 0.80 0.64 0.83 4.40% 8.80% 13.20% 0.70 0.77 Cu, wt.% 0.972 0.027 0.918 1.025 0.891 1.052 2.75% 5.51% 8.26% 0.923 1.020 Fe, wt.% 2.27 0.122 2.03 2.52 1.91 2.64 5.38% 10.77% 16.15% 2.16 2.39 Ga, ppm 6.36 0.424 5.51 7.21 5.09 7.63 6.67% 13.35% 20.02% 6.04 6.68 Hf, ppm 0.38 0.029 0.33 0.44 0.30 0.47 7.46% 14.92% 22.37% 0.36 0.40 </td <td>Cd, ppm</td> <td>12.3</td> <td>0.59</td> <td>11.1</td> <td>13.4</td> <td>10.5</td> <td>14.0</td> <td>4.79%</td> <td>9.59%</td> <td>14.38%</td> <td>11.6</td> <td>12.9</td>	Cd, ppm	12.3	0.59	11.1	13.4	10.5	14.0	4.79%	9.59%	14.38%	11.6	12.9
Cr, ppm 33.1 2.57 27.9 38.2 25.3 40.8 7.78% 15.57% 23.35% 31.4 34.7 Cs, ppm 0.74 0.032 0.67 0.80 0.64 0.83 4.40% 8.80% 13.20% 0.70 0.77 Cu, wt.% 0.972 0.027 0.918 1.025 0.891 1.052 2.75% 5.51% 8.26% 0.923 1.020 Fe, wt.% 2.27 0.122 2.03 2.52 1.91 2.64 5.38% 10.77% 16.15% 2.16 2.39 Ga, ppm 6.36 0.424 5.51 7.21 5.09 7.63 6.67% 13.35% 20.02% 6.04 6.68 Hf, ppm 0.38 0.029 0.33 0.44 0.30 0.47 7.46% 14.92% 22.37% 0.36 0.40 Hg, ppm 0.80 0.059 0.68 0.92 0.62 0.98 7.40% 14.80% 22.19% 0.76 0.84 <	Ce, ppm	13.7	1.06	11.6	15.9	10.5	16.9	7.73%	15.47%	23.20%	13.0	14.4
Cs, ppm 0.74 0.032 0.67 0.80 0.64 0.83 4.40% 8.80% 13.20% 0.70 0.77 Cu, wt.% 0.972 0.027 0.918 1.025 0.891 1.052 2.75% 5.51% 8.26% 0.923 1.020 Fe, wt.% 2.27 0.122 2.03 2.52 1.91 2.64 5.38% 10.77% 16.15% 2.16 2.39 Ga, ppm 6.36 0.424 5.51 7.21 5.09 7.63 6.67% 13.35% 20.02% 6.04 6.68 Hf, ppm 0.38 0.029 0.33 0.44 0.30 0.47 7.46% 14.92% 22.37% 0.36 0.40 Hg, ppm 0.80 0.059 0.68 0.92 0.62 0.98 7.40% 14.80% 22.19% 0.76 0.84 In, ppm 3.76 0.107 3.55 3.98 3.44 4.08 2.83% 5.67% 8.50% 3.57 3.95 </td <td>Co, ppm</td> <td>7.73</td> <td>0.372</td> <td>6.98</td> <td>8.47</td> <td>6.61</td> <td>8.84</td> <td>4.82%</td> <td>9.64%</td> <td>14.46%</td> <td>7.34</td> <td>8.11</td>	Co, ppm	7.73	0.372	6.98	8.47	6.61	8.84	4.82%	9.64%	14.46%	7.34	8.11
Cu, wt.% 0.972 0.027 0.918 1.025 0.891 1.052 2.75% 5.51% 8.26% 0.923 1.020 Fe, wt.% 2.27 0.122 2.03 2.52 1.91 2.64 5.38% 10.77% 16.15% 2.16 2.39 Ga, ppm 6.36 0.424 5.51 7.21 5.09 7.63 6.67% 13.35% 20.02% 6.04 6.68 Hf, ppm 0.38 0.029 0.33 0.44 0.30 0.47 7.46% 14.92% 22.37% 0.36 0.40 Hg, ppm 0.80 0.059 0.68 0.92 0.62 0.98 7.40% 14.80% 22.19% 0.76 0.84 In, ppm 3.76 0.107 3.55 3.98 3.44 4.08 2.83% 5.67% 8.50% 3.57 3.95	Cr, ppm	33.1	2.57	27.9	38.2	25.3	40.8	7.78%	15.57%	23.35%	31.4	34.7
Fe, wt.% 2.27 0.122 2.03 2.52 1.91 2.64 5.38% 10.77% 16.15% 2.16 2.39 Ga, ppm 6.36 0.424 5.51 7.21 5.09 7.63 6.67% 13.35% 20.02% 6.04 6.68 Hf, ppm 0.38 0.029 0.33 0.44 0.30 0.47 7.46% 14.92% 22.37% 0.36 0.40 Hg, ppm 0.80 0.059 0.68 0.92 0.62 0.98 7.40% 14.80% 22.19% 0.76 0.84 In, ppm 3.76 0.107 3.55 3.98 3.44 4.08 2.83% 5.67% 8.50% 3.57 3.95	Cs, ppm	0.74	0.032	0.67	0.80	0.64	0.83	4.40%	8.80%	13.20%	0.70	0.77
Ga, ppm 6.36 0.424 5.51 7.21 5.09 7.63 6.67% 13.35% 20.02% 6.04 6.68 Hf, ppm 0.38 0.029 0.33 0.44 0.30 0.47 7.46% 14.92% 22.37% 0.36 0.40 Hg, ppm 0.80 0.059 0.68 0.92 0.62 0.98 7.40% 14.80% 22.19% 0.76 0.84 In, ppm 3.76 0.107 3.55 3.98 3.44 4.08 2.83% 5.67% 8.50% 3.57 3.95	Cu, wt.%	0.972	0.027	0.918	1.025	0.891	1.052	2.75%	5.51%	8.26%	0.923	1.020
Hf, ppm 0.38 0.029 0.33 0.44 0.30 0.47 7.46% 14.92% 22.37% 0.36 0.40 Hg, ppm 0.80 0.059 0.68 0.92 0.62 0.98 7.40% 14.80% 22.19% 0.76 0.84 In, ppm 3.76 0.107 3.55 3.98 3.44 4.08 2.83% 5.67% 8.50% 3.57 3.95	Fe, wt.%	2.27	0.122	2.03	2.52	1.91	2.64	5.38%	10.77%	16.15%	2.16	2.39
Hg, ppm 0.80 0.059 0.68 0.92 0.62 0.98 7.40% 14.80% 22.19% 0.76 0.84 In, ppm 3.76 0.107 3.55 3.98 3.44 4.08 2.83% 5.67% 8.50% 3.57 3.95	Ga, ppm	6.36	0.424	5.51	7.21	5.09	7.63	6.67%	13.35%	20.02%	6.04	6.68
In, ppm 3.76 0.107 3.55 3.98 3.44 4.08 2.83% 5.67% 8.50% 3.57 3.95	Hf, ppm	0.38	0.029	0.33	0.44	0.30	0.47	7.46%	14.92%	22.37%	0.36	0.40
	Hg, ppm	0.80	0.059	0.68	0.92	0.62	0.98	7.40%	14.80%	22.19%	0.76	0.84
K, wt.% 0.213 0.018 0.177 0.250 0.158 0.269 8.63% 17.27% 25.90% 0.203 0.224	In, ppm	3.76	0.107	3.55	3.98	3.44	4.08	2.83%	5.67%	8.50%	3.57	3.95
	K, wt.%	0.213	0.018	0.177	0.250	0.158	0.269	8.63%	17.27%	25.90%	0.203	0.224

SI unit equivalents: ppm, parts per million \equiv mg/kg \equiv μ g/g \equiv 0.0001 wt.% \equiv 1000 ppb, parts per billion.

Note 1: intervals may appear asymmetric due to rounding.

Note 2: the number of decimal places quoted does not imply accuracy of the certified value to this level but are given to minimise rounding errors when calculating 2SD and 3SD windows.



Table 1 continued.

_	Certified	Absolute Standard Deviations				Relative	Standard D	eviations	5% window		
Constituent	Value	1SD	2SD Low	2SD High	3SD Low	3SD High	1RSD	2RSD	3RSD	Low	High
Aqua Regia D	igestion cor	ntinued									
La, ppm	6.68	0.482	5.71	7.64	5.23	8.12	7.22%	14.45%	21.67%	6.34	7.01
Li, ppm	8.46	0.93	6.60	10.32	5.67	11.25	10.98%	21.96%	32.94%	8.04	8.88
Mg, ppm	1059	73	913	1205	840	1277	6.88%	13.76%	20.64%	1006	1112
Mn, ppm	66	3.1	59	72	56	75	4.70%	9.40%	14.10%	62	69
Mo, ppm	4.47	0.303	3.87	5.08	3.56	5.38	6.77%	13.55%	20.32%	4.25	4.70
Na, wt.%	0.049	0.010	0.029	0.068	0.019	0.078	20.21%	40.43%	60.64%	0.046	0.051
Nb, ppm	0.16	0.03	0.11	0.22	0.08	0.24	16.83%	33.67%	50.50%	0.15	0.17
Ni, ppm	24.3	1.43	21.4	27.2	20.0	28.6	5.90%	11.81%	17.71%	23.1	25.5
P, ppm	249	19	211	288	192	307	7.71%	15.41%	23.12%	237	262
Pb, ppm	512	21	471	553	450	573	4.01%	8.02%	12.03%	486	537
Rb, ppm	7.63	0.609	6.41	8.85	5.80	9.46	7.99%	15.97%	23.96%	7.25	8.01
S, wt.%	2.65	0.109	2.43	2.87	2.32	2.98	4.10%	8.21%	12.31%	2.52	2.78
Sb, ppm	265	14	237	293	223	307	5.29%	10.58%	15.87%	252	278
Sc, ppm	0.84	0.10	0.65	1.04	0.56	1.13	11.32%	22.64%	33.96%	0.80	0.89
Se, ppm	27.7	3.6	20.6	34.9	17.0	38.4	12.88%	25.76%	38.64%	26.3	29.1
Sn, ppm	24.8	1.22	22.3	27.2	21.1	28.4	4.92%	9.85%	14.77%	23.5	26.0
Sr, ppm	38.6	6.3	26.1	51.1	19.9	57.4	16.18%	32.37%	48.55%	36.7	40.6
Te, ppm	41.7	2.35	37.0	46.4	34.7	48.7	5.63%	11.25%	16.88%	39.6	43.8
Th, ppm	3.08	0.228	2.63	3.54	2.40	3.77	7.40%	14.79%	22.19%	2.93	3.24
TI, ppm	1.49	0.052	1.38	1.59	1.33	1.65	3.52%	7.05%	10.57%	1.41	1.56
U, ppm	1.12	0.078	0.96	1.28	0.89	1.36	6.99%	13.98%	20.97%	1.06	1.18
V, ppm	11.6	0.84	9.9	13.3	9.1	14.1	7.26%	14.52%	21.78%	11.0	12.2
W, ppm	3.58	0.42	2.73	4.43	2.31	4.85	11.83%	23.67%	35.50%	3.40	3.76
Y, ppm	3.09	0.169	2.75	3.43	2.59	3.60	5.47%	10.94%	16.41%	2.94	3.25
Zn, ppm	1764	62	1640	1887	1578	1949	3.51%	7.02%	10.53%	1675	1852
Zr, ppm	11.1	0.85	9.4	12.8	8.5	13.7	7.68%	15.36%	23.04%	10.5	11.7

SI unit equivalents: ppm, parts per million ≡ mg/kg ≡ μg/g ≡ 0.0001 wt.% ≡ 1000 ppb, parts per billion.

Note 1: intervals may appear asymmetric due to rounding.

Note 2: the number of decimal places quoted does not imply accuracy of the certified value to this level but are given to minimise rounding errors when calculating 2SD and 3SD windows.

INTRODUCTION

OREAS reference materials are intended to provide a low cost method of evaluating and improving the quality of analysis of geological samples. To the geologist they provide a means of implementing quality control in analytical data sets generated in exploration from the grass roots level through to prospect evaluation, and in grade control at mining operations. To the analyst they provide an effective means of calibrating analytical equipment, assessing new techniques and routinely monitoring in-house procedures.

OREAS reference materials enable users to successfully achieve process control of these tasks because the observed variance from repeated analysis has its origin almost exclusively in the analytical process rather than the reference material itself.

SOURCE MATERIAL

OREAS 610 was prepared from a blend of silver-copper-gold bearing ores from Evolution Mining's Mount Carlton Operation in Queensland, Australia and argillic rhyodacite waste rock sourced from a quarry east of Melbourne, Australia.

The mineralisation assemblage at Mount Carlton consists of pyrite, enargite/tennantite, tetrahedrite, digenite, covellite, sphalerite, galena, alunite, dickite, kaolinite and vuggy silica, hosted in advanced argillic altered rhyodacite containing sulphur-salts.

PERFORMANCE GATES

Table 1 above shows intervals calculated for two and three standard deviations. As a guide these intervals may be regarded as warning or rejection for multiple 2SD outliers, or rejection for individual 3SD outliers in QC monitoring, although their precise application should be at the discretion of the QC manager concerned (also see 'Intended Use' section below). Westgard Rules extend the basics of single-rule QC monitoring using multi-rules (for more information visit www.westgard.com/mltirule.htm). A second method utilises a 5% window calculated directly from the certified value.

Standard deviation is also shown in relative percent for one, two and three relative standard deviations (1RSD, 2RSD and 3RSD) to facilitate an appreciation of the magnitude of these numbers and a comparison with the 5% window. Caution should be exercised when concentration levels approach lower limits of detection of the analytical methods employed as performance gates calculated from standard deviations tend to be excessively wide whereas those determined by the 5% method are too narrow. One approach used at commercial laboratories is to set the acceptance criteria at twice the detection level (DL) \pm 10%.

i.e. Certified Value ± 10% ± 2DL (adapted from Govett, 1983)

Table 2. Indicative Values for OREAS 610.

Constituent	Unit	Value	Constituent	Unit	Value	Constituent	Unit	Value
Pb Fire Assa	y							
Pd	ppb	< 5	Pt	ppb	< 5			
Infrared Con	nbustion							
С	wt.%	0.070						
4-Acid Diges	stion							
Ва	ppm	242	Hg	ppm	0.43	Re	ppb	< 2
Ge	ppm	2.13	Lu	ppb	80.0	Tm	ppb	91.7
Aqua Regia	Digestio	า						
В	ppm	< 10	Но	ppm	0.092	Sm	ppm	1.55
Ва	ppm	84	Lu	ppb	31.7	Та	ppm	< 0.01
Dy	ppm	0.82	Nd	ppm	7.89	Tb	ppm	0.17
Er	ppm	0.27	Pd	ppb	174	Ti	wt.%	0.008
Eu	ppm	0.23	Pr	ppm	1.93	Tm	ppb	< 100

SI unit equivalents: ppm, parts per million \equiv mg/kg \equiv μ g/g \equiv 0.0001 wt.% \equiv 1000 ppb, parts per billion.

Note: the number of significant figures reported is not a reflection of the level of certainty of stated values. They are instead an artefact of ORE's in-house CRM-specific LIMS.

Table 2 continued.

Constituent	Unit	Value	Constituent	Unit	Value	Constituent	Unit	Value
Aqua Regia	Digestion	continued						
Gd	ppm	1.43	Pt	ppb	< 2	Yb	ppm	0.20
Ge	ppm	0.28	Re	ppb	1.10			
Borate Fusion	n XRF							
Al ₂ O ₃	wt.%	11.72	Fe ₂ O ₃	wt.%	3.39	S	wt.%	4.20
As	ppm	3035	K₂O	wt.%	2.41	SiO ₂	wt.%	69.21
BaO	ppm	4615	MgO	wt.%	0.290	Sn	ppm	10.0
CaO	wt.%	0.330	MnO	wt.%	0.011	Sr	ppm	338
CI	ppm	35.0	Na₂O	wt.%	1.15	TiO ₂	wt.%	0.278
Co	ppm	15.0	Ni	ppm	35.0	V ₂ O ₅	ppm	65
Cr ₂ O ₃	ppm	65	P ₂ O ₅	wt.%	0.125	Zn	ppm	1795
Cu	wt.%	0.969	Pb	ppm	710	Zr	ppm	144
Thermogravi	imetry							
LOI ¹⁰⁰⁰	wt.%	8.74						
Laser Ablation	on ICP-M	S						
Ag	ppm	57.2	Hf	ppm	3.82	Sm	ppm	3.94
As	ppm	2980	Но	ppm	0.25	Sn	ppm	26.4
Ва	ppm	3865	In	ppm	3.53	Sr	ppm	333
Be	ppm	1.80	La	ppm	26.2	Та	ppm	0.73
Bi	ppm	220	Lu	ppb	85.0	Tb	ppm	0.36
Cd	ppm	14.0	Mn	ppm	73	Te	ppm	<i>4</i> 5.3
Ce	ppm	49.5	Мо	ppm	4.60	Th	ppm	10.1
Co	ppm	7.45	Nb	ppm	8.37	Ti	wt.%	0.164
Cr	ppm	46.5	Nd	ppm	20.1	TI	ppm	2.70
Cs	ppm	2.12	Ni	ppm	29.0	Tm	ppb	105
Cu	wt.%	0.973	Pb	ppm	732	U	ppm	2.63
Dy	ppm	1.54	Pr	ppm	<i>5.4</i> 5	V	ppm	31.0
Er	ppm	0.60	Rb	ppm	62	W	ppm	7.25
Eu	ppm	0.78	Re	ppb	< 10	Y	ppm	7.11
Ga	ppm	23.1	Sb	ppm	312	Yb	ppm	0.65
Gd	ppm	2.79	Sc	ppm	3.55	Zn	ppm	1765
Ge	ppm	4.55	Se	ppm	< 5	Zr	ppm	126
X-ray Photor	n Assay							
Au	ppm	9.87						
		·						

SI unit equivalents: ppm, parts per million \equiv mg/kg \equiv μ g/g \equiv 0.0001 wt.% \equiv 1000 ppb, parts per billion. Note: the number of significant figures reported is not a reflection of the level of certainty of stated values. They are instead an artefact of ORE's in-house CRM-specific LIMS.

COMMINUTION AND HOMOGENISATION PROCEDURES

The material constituting OREAS 610 was prepared in the following manner:

- Drying of ore materials (sulphide-rich) to constant mass at 85°C;
- Drying of barren rhyodacite to constant mass at 105°C;
- Crushing and milling of ore materials to 100% minus 30 microns;
- Crushing and milling of barren rhyodacite to 98% minus 75 microns;
- Blending in appropriate proportions to achieve the desired grades;
- Packaging under nitrogen in 10g and 60g units in laminated foil pouches.

PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

OREAS 610 was tested at ORE Research & Exploration Pty Ltd's onsite laboratory for various physical properties. Table 3 presents these findings which should be used for informational purposes only.

Table 3. Physical properties of OREAS 610.

CRM Name	Bulk Density (g/L)	Moisture%	Munsell Notation [‡]	Munsell Color‡
OREAS 610	677	0.65	N6	Medium Light Gray

[‡]The Munsell Rock Color Chart helps geologists and archeologists communicate with color more effectively by cross-referencing ISCC-NBS color names with unique Munsell alpha-numeric color notations for rock color samples.

ANALYTICAL PROGRAM

Twenty five commercial analytical laboratories participated in the program to certify the elements reported in Table 1. The following methods were employed:

- Gold by fire assay using a 25-50g charge weight with AAS finish (13 laboratories), gravimetric finish (7 laboratories) and ICP-OES (5 laboratories);
- Gold by aqua regia digestion using a 15-40g sample mass with ICP-MS finish (11 laboratories) and AAS (3 laboratories) finish;
- Sulphur by infra-red combustion furnace (21 laboratories);
- Full ICP-OES and MS elemental suites by 4-acid digestion (up to 23 laboratories depending on the element; some laboratories employed an AAS finish for Ag and Cu);
- Full ICP-OES and MS elemental suites by aqua regia digestion (up to 24 laboratories depending on the element; some laboratories employed an AAS finish for Cu);
- Gold by instrumental neutron activation analysis (INAA) on 20 x 85mg subsamples to confirm homogeneity (undertaken by ANSTO, Lucas Heights).

It is important to note that in the analytical industry there is no standardisation of the aqua regia digestion process. Aqua regia is a partial empirical digest and differences in recoveries for various analytes are commonplace. These are caused by variations in the digest conditions which can include the ratio of nitric to hydrochloric acids, acid strength, temperatures, leach times and secondary digestions. Recoveries for sulphide-hosted base metal sulphides approach total values, however, other analytes, in particular the lithophile elements, show greater sensitivity to method parameters. This can result in lack of consensus in an inter-laboratory certification program for these elements.

The approach applied here is to report certified values in those instances where reasonable agreement exists amongst a majority of participating laboratories. The results of specific laboratories may differ significantly from the certified values, but will, nonetheless, be valid and reproducible in the context of the specifics of the aqua regia method in use. Users of this reference material should, therefore, be mindful of this limitation when applying the certified values in a quality control program.

Gold was also determined by Chrysos Corporation's new Photon Assay technique at their Perth and Kalgoorlie branches. The mean value is included in Table 2 as an indicative value since it is reported by two laboratories only. Table 2 also includes major and trace element characterisation by BV Perth Geoanalytical laboratory using the following methodologies:

- Major oxides by lithium borate fusion with X-ray fluorescence;
- LOI at 1000°C by thermogravimetric analyser;
- Infra-red combustion furnace for C:
- Trace element characterisation by laser ablation with ICP-MS finish.

For the round robin program twenty 1.2kg test units were taken at predetermined intervals during the bagging stage, immediately following homogenisation and are considered representative of the entire prepared batch. Six 100g pulp samples were submitted to each laboratory for analysis received by each laboratory were obtained by taking two 100g samples from each of three separate 1.2kg test units. This format enabled nested ANOVA treatment of the results to evaluate homogeneity, i.e. to ascertain whether between-unit variance is greater than within-unit variance.

Table 4 presents the 102 certified values together with their associated 1SD's, 95% confidence and tolerance limits. Gold homogeneity has been evaluated and confirmed by instrumental neutron activation analysis (INAA) on twenty ~85mg sample portions (see Table 5 below) and by a nested ANOVA program for both fire assay and aqua regia digestion (see 'nested ANOVA' section).

Tabulated results of all elements together with uncorrected means, medians, standard deviations, relative standard deviations and per cent deviation of lab means from the corrected mean of means (PDM³) are presented in the detailed certification data for this CRM (OREAS 610 DataPack-1.0.190706_183700.xlsx).

Results are also presented in scatter plots for gold by fire assay, silver by 4-acid digestion and copper by 4-acid digestion (Figures 1 to 3, respectively) together with ±3SD (magenta) and ±5% (yellow) control lines and certified value (green line). Accepted individual results are coloured blue and individual and dataset outliers are identified in red and violet, respectively.

STATISTICAL ANALYSIS

Standard Deviation intervals (see Table 1) provide an indication of a level of performance that might reasonably be expected from a laboratory being monitored by this CRM in a QA/QC program. They take into account errors attributable to measurement uncertainty and CRM variability. For an effective CRM the contribution of the latter should be negligible in comparison to measurement errors. The Standard Deviation values include all sources of measurement uncertainty: between-lab variance, within-run variance (precision errors) and CRM variability.

In the application of SD's in monitoring performance it is important to note that not all laboratories function at the same level of proficiency and that different methods in use at a particular laboratory have differing levels of precision. Each laboratory has its own inherent SD (for a specific concentration level and analyte-method pair) based on the analytical

process and this SD is not directly related to the round robin program (see Intended Use section for more detail).

The SD for each analyte's certified value is calculated from the same filtered data set used to determine the certified value, i.e. after removal of all individual, lab dataset (batch) and 3SD outliers (single iteration). These outliers can only be removed after the absolute homogeneity of the CRM has been independently established, i.e. the outliers must be confidently deemed to be analytical rather than arising from inhomogeneity of the CRM. The standard deviation is then calculated for each analyte from the pooled accepted analyses generated from the certification program.

Certified Values, Standard Deviations, Confidence Limits and Tolerance Limits (Table 4) have been determined for each analyte following removal of individual, laboratory dataset (batch) and 3SD outliers (single iteration).

For individual outliers within a laboratory batch the z-score test is used in combination with a second method that determines the per cent deviation of the individual value from the batch median. Outliers in general are selected on the basis of z-scores > 2.5 and with per cent deviations (i) > 3 and (ii) more than three times the average absolute per cent deviation for the batch. In certain instances statistician's prerogative has been employed in discriminating outliers.

Each laboratory data set mean is tested for outlying status based on z-score discrimination and rejected if > 2.5. After individual and laboratory data set (batch) outliers have been eliminated a non-iterative 3 standard deviation filter is applied, with those values lying outside this window also relegated to outlying status.

Certified Values are the means of accepted laboratory means after outlier filtering. The INAA data (see Table 5) is omitted from determination of the certified value for Au and is used solely for the calculation of Tolerance Limits and homogeneity evaluation of OREAS 610 (see 'Homogeneity Evaluation' section below).

95% Confidence Limits are inversely proportional to the number of participating laboratories and inter-laboratory agreement. It is a measure of the reliability of the certified value. A 95% confidence interval indicates a 95% probability that the true value of the analyte under consideration lies between the upper and lower limits. **95% Confidence Limits should not be used as control limits for laboratory performance.**

Indicative (uncertified) values (Table 2) are provided for the major and trace elements determined by borate fusion XRF (Al_2O_3 to Zr), laser ablation with ICP-MS (Ag to Zr), LOI at 1000°C and C by infrared combustion furnace and are the means of duplicate assays from Bureau Veritas, Perth. Additional indicative values by other analytical methods are present where the number of laboratories reporting a particular analyte is insufficient (< 5) to support certification or where inter-laboratory consensus is poor.

Table 4. 95% Confidence & Tolerance Limits for OREAS 610.

	95% Confide Certified		1	ence Limits		ance Limits			
Constituent	Value	SD	Low	High	Low	High			
Pb Fire Assay	1					_			
Au, Gold (ppm)	9.83	0.254	9.73	9.93	9.79*	9.87*			
Aqua Regia Digestion (sample weights 10-50g)									
Au, Gold (ppm)	9.81	0.341	9.61	10.01	9.77*	9.86*			
Infrared Combustion	_		•			l			
S, Sulphur (wt.%)	4.12	0.157	4.05	4.19	4.07	4.17			
4-Acid Digestion									
Ag, Silver (ppm)	49.4	1.79	48.7	50.1	48.1	50.6			
Al, Aluminium (wt.%)	5.99	0.260	5.87	6.10	5.84	6.13			
As, Arsenic (ppm)	2835	185	2751	2918	2781	2888			
Be, Beryllium (ppm)	1.48	0.109	1.43	1.52	1.40	1.55			
Bi, Bismuth (ppm)	224	10	219	228	219	228			
Ca, Calcium (wt.%)	0.241	0.014	0.235	0.247	0.232	0.250			
Cd, Cadmium (ppm)	12.1	0.71	11.8	12.4	11.7	12.4			
Ce, Cerium (ppm)	46.7	4.46	44.1	49.2	44.9	48.5			
Co, Cobalt (ppm)	7.72	0.305	7.60	7.84	7.43	8.02			
Cr, Chromium (ppm)	39.1	5.1	37.2	41.1	37.1	41.1			
Cs, Caesium (ppm)	2.16	0.146	2.09	2.23	2.06	2.25			
Cu, Copper (wt.%)	0.971	0.023	0.962	0.981	0.958	0.985			
Dy, Dysprosium (ppm)	1.53	0.089	1.41	1.64	IND	IND			
Er, Erbium (ppm)	0.59	0.041	0.56	0.63	IND	IND			
Eu, Europium (ppm)	0.77	0.051	0.73	0.82	IND	IND			
Fe, Iron (wt.%)	2.37	0.077	2.33	2.40	2.32	2.41			
Ga, Gallium (ppm)	24.4	1.02	23.9	24.9	23.4	25.4			
Gd, Gadolinium (ppm)	2.86	0.256	2.53	3.18	2.66	3.06			
Hf, Hafnium (ppm)	2.01	0.128	1.94	2.07	1.93	2.08			
Ho, Holmium (ppm)	0.22	0.021	0.19	0.25	IND	IND			
In, Indium (ppm)	3.90	0.244	3.77	4.02	3.78	4.01			
K, Potassium (wt.%)	1.98	0.067	1.95	2.01	1.94	2.01			
La, Lanthanum (ppm)	20.4	4.4	18.3	22.5	19.4	21.3			
Li, Lithium (ppm)	28.4	1.35	27.9	29.0	27.3	29.6			
Mg, Magnesium (ppm)	1557	91	1520	1595	1514	1601			
Mn, Manganese (ppm)	78	3.6	76	79	75	80			
Mo, Molybdenum (ppm)	4.82	0.332	4.68	4.96	4.58	5.05			
Na, Sodium (wt.%)	0.820	0.027	0.810	0.831	0.803	0.838			
Nb, Niobium (ppm)	8.27	0.430	8.05	8.50	8.00	8.55			

SI unit equivalents: ppm, parts per million \equiv mg/kg \equiv μ g/g \equiv 0.0001 wt.% \equiv 1000 ppb, parts per billion.

Note 2: the number of decimal places quoted does not imply accuracy of the certified value to this level but are given to minimise rounding errors when calculating 2SD and 3SD windows.



^{*}Gold Tolerance Limits for typical 25-50g fire assay and 15-40g aqua regia digestion methods are determined from 20 x 85mg INAA results and the Sampling Constant (Ingamells & Switzer, 1973).

Note 1: intervals may appear asymmetric due to rounding.

Table 4 continued.

	Certified	l able 4 cont		ence Limits	95% Toler	ance Limits
Constituent	Value	SD	Low	High	Low	High
4-Acid Digestion continued	1 410.0			9		9
Nd, Neodymium (ppm)	18.9	1.56	17.0	20.8	17.5	20.2
Ni, Nickel (ppm)	24.6	1.17	24.2	25.1	23.8	25.5
P, Phosphorus (ppm)	554	36	538	571	539	570
Pb, Lead (ppm)	662	42	644	680	650	673
Pr, Praseodymium (ppm)	5.09	0.61	4.30	5.89	4.81	5.38
Rb, Rubidium (ppm)	65	3.6	64	67	63	67
S, Sulphur (wt.%)	4.07	0.146	4.01	4.13	4.00	4.13
Sb, Antimony (ppm)	299	16	291	307	291	307
Sc, Scandium (ppm)	3.06	0.240	2.95	3.18	2.92	3.21
Se, Selenium (ppm)	29.1	3.0	27.6	30.6	27.7	30.6
Sm, Samarium (ppm)	3.68	0.281	3.35	4.00	3.51	3.84
Sn, Tin (ppm)	27.1	2.02	26.3	28.0	26.1	28.1
Sr, Strontium (ppm)	306	28	293	319	298	314
Ta, Tantalum (ppm)	0.68	0.042	0.65	0.70	0.64	0.72
Tb, Terbium (ppm)	0.31	0.06	0.26	0.36	IND	IND
Te, Tellurium (ppm)	41.6	2.21	40.4	42.7	39.7	43.4
Th, Thorium (ppm)	8.95	1.07	8.36	9.53	8.57	9.32
Ti, Titanium (wt.%)	0.167	0.006	0.164	0.169	0.163	0.171
TI, Thallium (ppm)	1.84	0.112	1.78	1.89	1.78	1.90
U, Uranium (ppm)	2.63	0.116	2.58	2.69	2.53	2.73
V, Vanadium (ppm)	30.5	1.32	30.0	31.0	29.6	31.4
W, Tungsten (ppm)	7.57	0.420	7.35	7.78	7.28	7.85
Y, Yttrium (ppm)	6.59	0.366	6.41	6.77	6.40	6.78
Yb, Ytterbium (ppm)	0.52	0.05	0.48	0.56	IND	IND
Zn, Zinc (ppm)	1754	74	1722	1785	1717	1790
Zr, Zirconium (ppm)	61	5.2	58	63	59	63
Aqua Regia Digestion						
Ag, Silver (ppm)	48.4	2.02	47.6	49.3	47.5	49.4
Al, Aluminium (wt.%)	0.847	0.058	0.820	0.874	0.826	0.868
As, Arsenic (ppm)	2807	151	2740	2874	2757	2857
Be, Beryllium (ppm)	0.29	0.024	0.28	0.29	0.25	0.33
Bi, Bismuth (ppm)	220	11	215	225	216	224
Ca, Calcium (wt.%)	0.120	0.006	0.117	0.122	0.116	0.124
Cd, Cadmium (ppm)	12.3	0.59	12.0	12.5	12.0	12.5
Ce, Cerium (ppm)	13.7	1.06	13.1	14.4	13.2	14.2
Co, Cobalt (ppm)	7.73	0.372	7.55	7.90	7.46	7.99

SI unit equivalents: ppm, parts per million \equiv mg/kg \equiv μ g/g \equiv 0.0001 wt.% \equiv 1000 ppb, parts per billion.

Note 2: the number of decimal places quoted does not imply accuracy of the certified value to this level but are given to minimise rounding errors when calculating 2SD and 3SD windows.



Note 1: intervals may appear asymmetric due to rounding.

Table 4 continued.

	Certified	able 4 com		ence Limits	95% Toler	ance Limits
Constituent	Value	SD	Low	High	Low	High
Aqua Regia Digestion continu	ed					
Cr, Chromium (ppm)	33.1	2.57	31.9	34.2	32.0	34.2
Cs, Caesium (ppm)	0.74	0.032	0.72	0.76	0.71	0.76
Cu, Copper (wt.%)	0.972	0.027	0.960	0.983	0.957	0.986
Fe, Iron (wt.%)	2.27	0.122	2.22	2.32	2.23	2.31
Ga, Gallium (ppm)	6.36	0.424	6.17	6.55	6.10	6.61
Hf, Hafnium (ppm)	0.38	0.029	0.37	0.40	0.36	0.40
Hg, Mercury (ppm)	0.80	0.059	0.76	0.84	0.77	0.83
In, Indium (ppm)	3.76	0.107	3.71	3.81	3.64	3.88
K, Potassium (wt.%)	0.213	0.018	0.205	0.222	0.204	0.223
La, Lanthanum (ppm)	6.68	0.482	6.44	6.92	6.47	6.88
Li, Lithium (ppm)	8.46	0.93	7.97	8.95	8.07	8.85
Mg, Magnesium (ppm)	1059	73	1029	1088	1024	1094
Mn, Manganese (ppm)	66	3.1	64	67	64	67
Mo, Molybdenum (ppm)	4.47	0.303	4.34	4.61	4.22	4.73
Na, Sodium (wt.%)	0.049	0.010	0.044	0.053	0.046	0.051
Nb, Niobium (ppm)	0.16	0.03	0.14	0.19	IND	IND
Ni, Nickel (ppm)	24.3	1.43	23.7	24.9	23.4	25.2
P, Phosphorus (ppm)	249	19	240	259	241	258
Pb, Lead (ppm)	512	21	503	520	502	521
Rb, Rubidium (ppm)	7.63	0.609	7.25	8.01	7.40	7.86
S, Sulphur (wt.%)	2.65	0.109	2.60	2.70	2.60	2.70
Sb, Antimony (ppm)	265	14	258	272	260	270
Sc, Scandium (ppm)	0.84	0.10	0.79	0.89	IND	IND
Se, Selenium (ppm)	27.7	3.6	25.9	29.6	26.9	28.5
Sn, Tin (ppm)	24.8	1.22	24.2	25.3	24.1	25.5
Sr, Strontium (ppm)	38.6	6.3	35.8	41.5	37.3	40.0
Te, Tellurium (ppm)	41.7	2.35	40.6	42.8	40.6	42.8
Th, Thorium (ppm)	3.08	0.228	2.96	3.21	2.97	3.20
TI, Thallium (ppm)	1.49	0.052	1.46	1.51	1.44	1.54
U, Uranium (ppm)	1.12	0.078	1.08	1.16	1.08	1.16
V, Vanadium (ppm)	11.6	0.84	11.2	12.0	11.2	12.0
W, Tungsten (ppm)	3.58	0.42	3.35	3.81	3.44	3.72
Y, Yttrium (ppm)	3.09	0.169	3.01	3.18	3.00	3.19
Zn, Zinc (ppm)	1764	62	1738	1789	1733	1794
Zr, Zirconium (ppm)	11.1	0.85	10.7	11.5	10.7	11.5

SI unit equivalents: ppm, parts per million \equiv mg/kg \equiv μ g/g \equiv 0.0001 wt.% \equiv 1000 ppb, parts per billion.

Note 2: the number of decimal places quoted does not imply accuracy of the certified value to this level but are given to minimise rounding errors when calculating 2SD and 3SD windows.



Note 1: intervals may appear asymmetric due to rounding.

Homogeneity Evaluation

The tolerance limits (ISO 16269:2014) shown in Table 1 were determined using an analysis of precision errors method and are considered a conservative estimate of true homogeneity. The meaning of tolerance limits may be illustrated for copper by 4-acid digestion, where 99% of the time $(1-\alpha=0.99)$ at least 95% of subsamples $(\rho=0.95)$ will have concentrations lying between 0.958 and 0.985 wt.%. Put more precisely, this means that if the same number of subsamples were taken and analysed in the same manner repeatedly, 99% of the tolerance intervals so constructed would cover at least 95% of the total population, and 1% of the tolerance intervals would cover less than 95% of the total population (ISO Guide 35). Please note that tolerance limits pertain to the homogeneity of the CRM only and should not be used as control limits for laboratory performance.

Table 5 below shows the INAA data determined on 20 x 85mg subsamples of OREAS 610. An equivalent scaled version of the results is also provided to demonstrate an appreciation of what this data means if 30g fire assay determinations were undertaken without the normal measurement error associated with this methodology.

Table 5. Neutron Activation Analysis of Au (in ppm) on 20 x 85mg subsamples showing the equivalent results scaled to a 30g sample mass typical of fire assay determination.

Replicate	Au	Au
No	85mg actual	30g equivalent*
1	9.844	10.061
2	9.875	10.063
3	10.249	10.083
4	9.981	10.068
5	10.172	10.078
6	10.157	10.078
7	10.294	10.085
8	9.878	10.063
9	10.547	10.098
10	10.522	10.097
11	10.285	10.084
12	9.765	10.057
13	9.979	10.068
14	9.861	10.062
15	10.193	10.080
16	9.687	10.053
17	9.850	10.061
18	10.203	10.080
19	9.979	10.068
20	10.142	10.077
Mean	10.073	10.073
Median	10.062	10.073
Std Dev.	0.240	0.013
Rel.Std.Dev.	2.39%	0.127%

^{*}Results calculated for a 30g equivalent sample mass using the formula: $x^{30g Eq} = \frac{(x^{INAA} - \bar{X}) \times RSD@30g}{RSD@85mg} + \bar{X}$ where $x^{30g Eq}$ = equivalent result calculated for a 30g sample mass

 (x^{INAA}) = raw INAA result at 85mg \bar{X} = mean of 85mg INAA results





The homogeneity of gold has been determined by INAA using the reduced analytical subsample method which utilises the known relationship between standard deviation and analytical subsample weight (Ingamells and Switzer, 1973). In this approach the sample aliquot is substantially reduced to a point where most of the variability in replicate assays should be due to inhomogeneity of the reference material and measurement error becomes negligible. In this instance a subsample weight of 85 milligrams was employed and the 1RSD of 0.127% was calculated for a 30g fire assay sample (2.39% at 85mg weights) confirms the high level of gold homogeneity in OREAS 610.

The homogeneity of OREAS 610 has also been evaluated in a nested ANOVA of the round robin program. Each of the twenty-five round robin laboratories received six samples per CRM and these samples were made up of paired samples from three different, nonadjacent sampling intervals. The purpose of the ANOVA evaluation is to test that no statistically significant difference exists in the variance between-units to that of the variance within-units. This allows an assessment of homogeneity across the entire prepared batch of OREAS 610. The test was performed using the following parameters:

- Gold fire assay 150 samples (25 laboratories each providing analyses on 3 pairs of samples);
- Gold agua regia digestion 84 samples (14 laboratories each providing analyses on 3 pairs of samples);
- Null Hypothesis, H₀: Between-unit variance is no greater than within-unit variance (reject H_0 if p-value < 0.05):
- Alternative Hypothesis, H1: Between-unit variance is greater than within-unit variance.

P-values are a measure of probability where values less than 0.05 indicate a greater than 95% probability that the observed differences in within-unit and between-unit variances are real. The datasets were filtered for both individual and laboratory data set (batch) outliers prior to the calculation of p-values. This process derived p-values of 0.6013 for Au by fire assay and 0.999 for Au by agua regia digestion. Both p-values are insignificant and the Null Hypothesis is retained.

Additionally, none of the other 102 certified values showed significant p-values. Please note that only results for constituents present in concentrations well above the detection levels (i.e. >20 x Lower Limit of Detection) for the various methods undertaken were considered for the objective of evaluating homogeneity. It is important to note that ANOVA is not an absolute measure of homogeneity. Rather, it establishes whether or not the analytes are distributed in a similar manner throughout the packaging run of OREAS 610 and whether the variance between two subsamples from the same unit is statistically distinguishable to the variance from two subsamples taken from any two separate units. A reference material therefore, can possess poor absolute homogeneity yet still pass a relative homogeneity test if the within-unit heterogeneity is large and similar across all units.

Based on the statistical analysis of the results of the inter-laboratory certification program it can be concluded that OREAS 610 is fit-for-purpose as a certified reference material (see 'Intended Use' below).

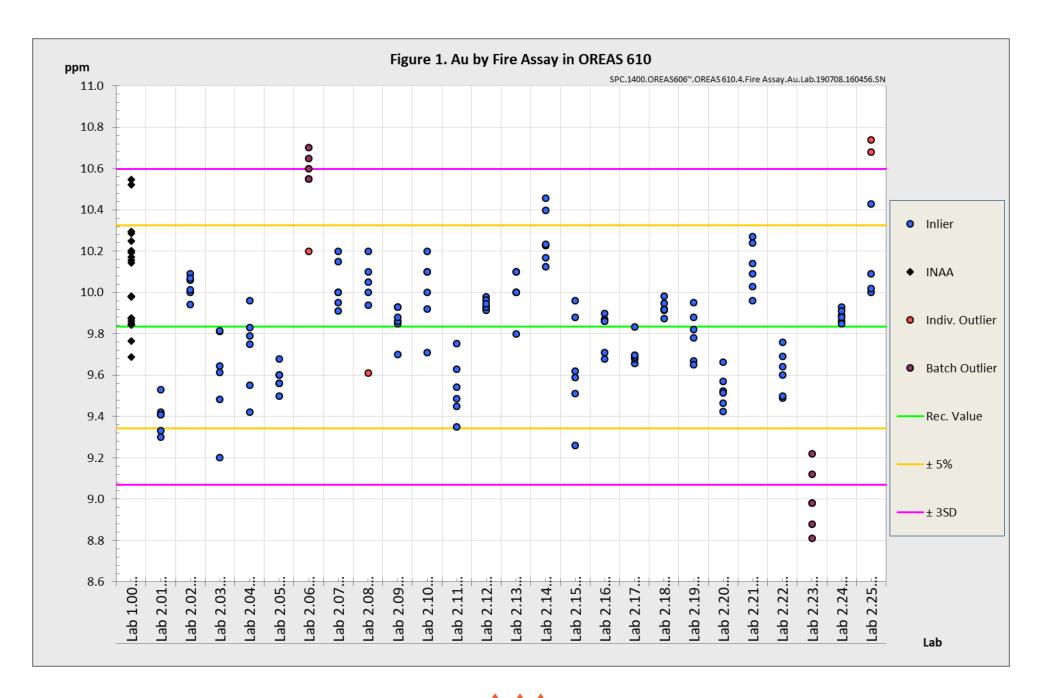
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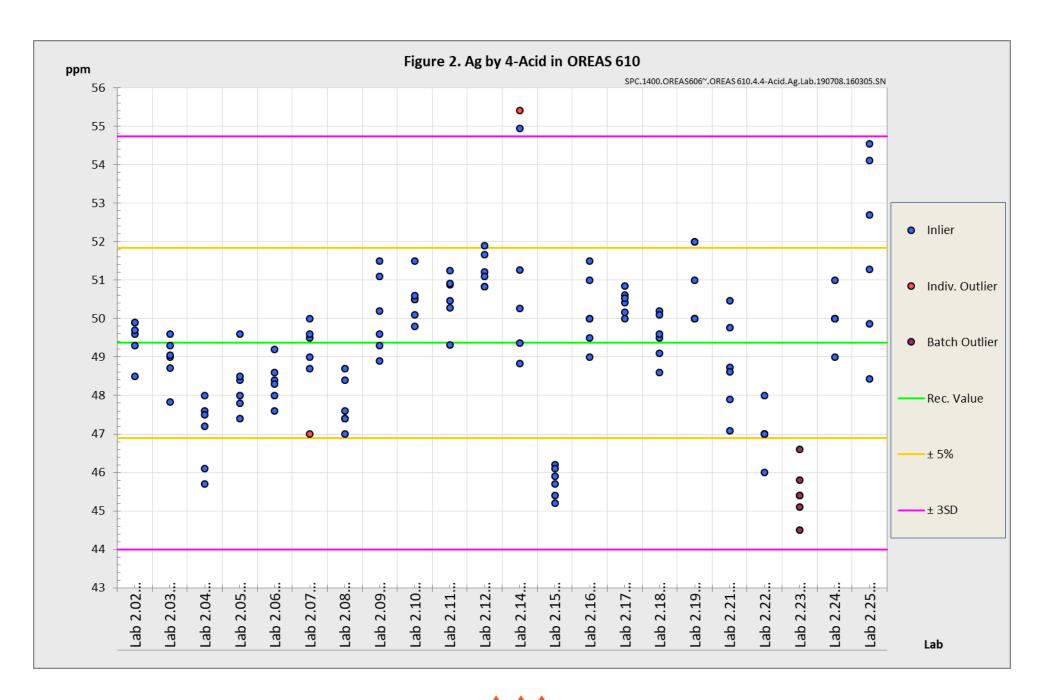


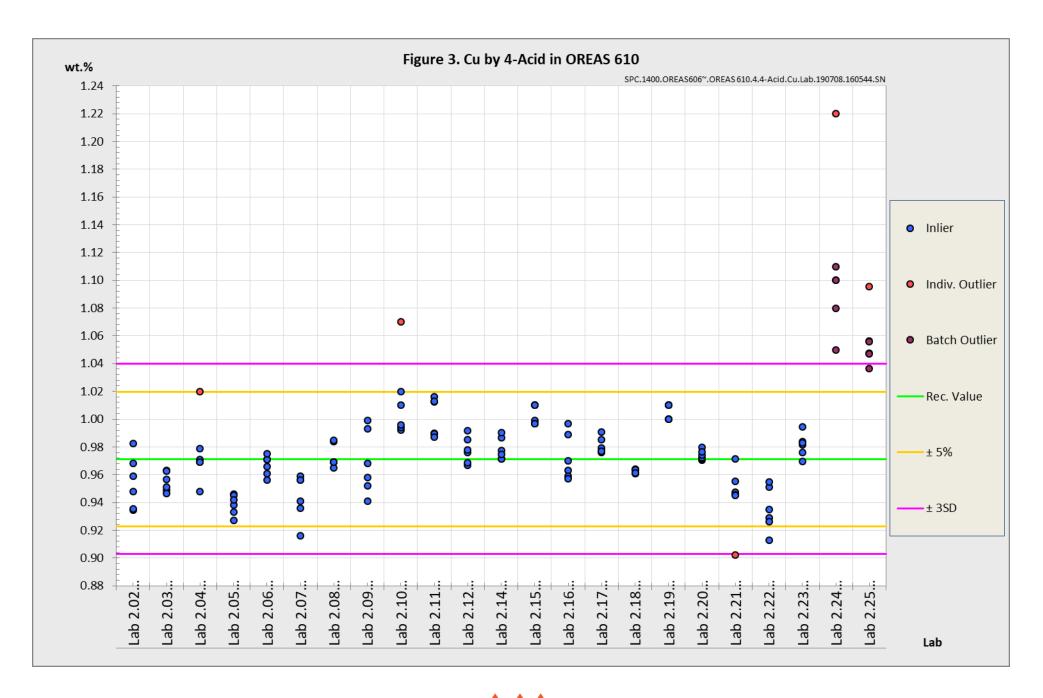
PARTICIPATING LABORATORIES

- 1. Actlabs, Ancaster, Ontario, Canada
- 2. AGAT Laboratories, Mississauga, Ontario, Canada
- 3. Alex Stewart International, Mendoza, Argentina
- 4. ALS, Brisbane, QLD, Australia
- 5. ALS, Lima, Peru
- 6. ALS, Loughrea, Galway, Ireland
- 7. ALS, Perth, WA, Australia
- 8. ALS, Vancouver, BC, Canada
- 9. ANSTO, Lucas Heights, NSW, Australia
- 10. ARGETEST Mineral Processing, Ankara, Central Anatolia, Turkey
- 11. Bureau Veritas Commodities Canada Ltd, Vancouver, BC, Canada
- 12. Bureau Veritas Geoanalytical, Perth, WA, Australia
- 13. CERTIMIN, Lima, Peru
- 14. Chrysos Corporation Limited, Kalgoorlie, WA, Australia
- 15. Chrysos Corporation Limited, Perth, WA, Australia
- 16. Inspectorate (BV), Lima, Peru
- 17. Inspectorate America Corporation (BV), Sparks, Nevada, USA
- 18. Intertek Genalysis, Perth, WA, Australia
- 19. Intertek Testing Services, Townsville, QLD, Australia
- 20. Intertek Testing Services Philippines, Cupang, Muntinlupa, Philippines
- 21. On Site Laboratory Services, Bendigo, VIC, Australia
- 22. PT Geoservices Ltd, Cikarang, Jakarta Raya, Indonesia
- PT Intertek Utama Services, Jakarta Timur, DKI Jakarta, Indonesia
- 24. SGS, Ankara, Anatolia, Turkey
- 25. SGS Canada Inc., Vancouver, BC, Canada
- 26. SGS de Mexico SA de CV, Cd. Industrial, Durango, Mexico
- 27. SGS del Peru, Lima, Peru
- 28. Skyline Assayers & Laboratories, Tucson, Arizona, USA

Please note: Above numbered alphabetical list of participating laboratories <u>does not</u> reflect the Lab ID numbering on the scatter plots below.







PREPARER AND SUPPLIER

Certified reference material OREAS 610 was prepared, certified and supplied by:



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METROLOGICAL TRACEABILITY

The analytical samples were selected in a manner to represent the entire batch of prepared CRM. This 'representivity' was maintained in each submitted laboratory sample batch and ensures the user that the data is traceable from sample selection through to the analytical results that underlie the consensus values. Each analytical data set has been validated by its assayer through the inclusion of internal reference materials and QC checks during analysis.

The laboratories were chosen on the basis of their competence (from past performance in inter-laboratory programs undertaken by ORE Pty Ltd) for a particular analytical method, analyte or analyte suite, and sample matrix. Most of these laboratories have and maintain ISO 17025 accreditation. The certified values presented in this report are calculated from the means of accepted data following robust statistical treatment as detailed in this report.

Guide ISO/TR 16476:2016, section 5.3.1 describes metrological traceability in reference materials as it pertains to the transformation of the measurand. In this section it states, "Although the determination of the property value itself can be made traceable to appropriate units through, for example, calibration of the measurement equipment used, steps like the transformation of the sample from one physical (chemical) state to another cannot. Such transformations may only be compared with a reference (when available), or among themselves. For some transformations, reference methods have been defined and may be used in certification projects to evaluate the uncertainty associated with such a transformation. In other cases, only a comparison among different laboratories using the same method is possible. In this case, certification takes place on the basis of agreement among independent measurement results (see ISO Guide 35:2006, Clause 10)."

COMMUTABILITY

The measurements of the results that underlie the certified values contained in this report were undertaken by methods involving pre-treatment (digestion/fusion) of the sample. This served to reduce the sample to a simple and well understood form permitting calibration using simple solutions of the CRM. Due to these methods being well understood and highly effective, commutability is not an issue for this CRM. All OREAS CRMs are sourced from natural ore minerals meaning they will display similar behaviour as routine 'field' samples in the relevant measurement process. Care should be taken to ensure 'matrix matching' as close as practically achievable. The matrix and mineralisation style of the CRM is described in the 'Source Material' section and users should select appropriate CRMs matching these attributes to their field samples.

INTENDED USE

OREAS 610 is intended to cover all activities needed to produce a measurement result. This includes extraction, possible separation steps and the actual measurement process (the signal producing step). OREAS 610 may be used to calibrate the entire procedure by producing a pure substance CRM transformed into a calibration solution.

OREAS 610 is intended for the following uses:

- For the monitoring of laboratory performance in the analysis of analytes reported in Table 1 in geological samples;
- For the verification of analytical methods for analytes reported in Table 1;
- For the calibration of instruments used in the determination of the concentration of analytes reported in Table 1.

STABILITY AND STORAGE INSTRUCTIONS

OREAS 610 has been prepared from sulphide bearing ores and concentrate blended with rhyodacite. It contains reactive sulphide (~4.1% S) and has been packaged under nitrogen in single use laminated foil pouches. In its unopened state and under normal conditions of storage the CRM has a shelf life beyond ten years. Its stability will be monitored at regular intervals and purchasers notified if any changes are observed.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR CORRECT USE

The certified values for OREAS 610 refer to the concentration level in its packaged state. It should not be dried prior to weighing and analysis.

HANDLING INSTRUCTIONS

Fine powders pose a risk to eyes and lungs and therefore standard precautions such as the use of safety glasses and dust masks are advised.

LEGAL NOTICE

Ore Research & Exploration Pty Ltd has prepared and statistically evaluated the property values of this reference material to the best of its ability. The Purchaser by receipt hereof releases and indemnifies Ore Research & Exploration Pty Ltd from and against all liability and costs arising from the use of this material and information.

DOCUMENT HISTORY

Revision No.	Date	Changes applied
1	24 th July 2019	Edited 'PARTICIPATING LABORATORIES' list.
0	11 th July 2019	First publication.

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QMS ACCREDITATION

ORE Pty Ltd is accredited to ISO 9001:2015 by Lloyd's Register Quality Assurance Ltd for its quality management system including development, manufacturing, certification and supply of CRMs.





CERTIFYING OFFICER

8/2

24th July, 2019

Craig Hamlyn (B.Sc. Hons - Geology), Technical Manager - ORE P/L

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