

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS FOR

OREAS 281

Refractory High-Grade Gold Ore (Leeville Mine, Carlin Trend, Nevada, USA)





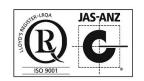


Table 1. Certified Values, Uncertainty & Tolerance Intervals in OREAS 281.

Note	Table 1. Certified va	Certified	95% Expanded				
Pb Fire Assay	Constituent			ı			
Au, Gold (ppm) 10.90 10.78 11.02 10.86* 10.95* Bi Fire Assay URL Gold (ppm) 10.90 10.71 11.10 10.86* 10.94* PhotonAssay™ (recommended gross mass 450-480 g) URL Gold (ppm) 11.18 11.13 11.24 11.17* 11.19* Infrared Combustion C, Carbon (wt.%) 0.937 0.916 0.958 0.921 0.952 S, Sulphur (wt.%) 1.63 1.60 1.67 1.61 1.65 4-Acld Digestion URL Gold (ppm) 0.479 0.446 0.513 0.463 0.496 Al, Aluminium (wt.%) 2.86 2.78 2.94 2.79 2.93 As, Arsenic (wt.%) 0.150 0.145 0.155 0.147 0.15 Ba, Barium (ppm) 1.026 944 1109 987 1065 Be, Beryllium (ppm) 0.47 0.42 0.53 0.45 0.50 Bi, Bismuth (ppm) 0.58 0.55 0.62 0.56	Pb Fire Assav			<u> g</u>			
Bi Fire Assay		10.90	10.78	11.02	10.86*	10.95*	
Au, Gold (ppm) 10.90 10.71 11.10 10.86* 10.94* PhotonAssay™ (recommended gross mass 450-480 g) Au, Gold (ppm) 11.18 11.13 11.24 11.17* 11.19* Infrared Combustion C, Carbon (wt.%) 0.937 0.916 0.958 0.921 0.952 S, Sulphur (wt.%) 1.63 1.60 1.67 1.61 1.65 4-Acid Digestion Al, Aluminium (wt.%) 2.86 2.78 2.94 2.79 0.496 Al, Aluminium (wt.%) 2.86 2.78 2.94 2.79 0.153 As, Arsenic (wt.%) 0.150 0.145 0.155 0.147 0.153 Ba, Barium (ppm) 1026 944 1109 987 1065 Be, Beryllium (ppm) 0.47 0.42 0.53 0.45 0.50 Bi, Bismuth (ppm) 0.58 0.55 0.62 0.56 0.61 Ca, Calcium (wt.%) 1.60 1.54 1.66 1.63	,				10100		
PhotonAssay (recommended gross mass 450-480 g)		10.90	10.71	11.10	10.86*	10.94*	
Au, Gold (ppm)	,						
No. C. Carbon (wt.%) 0.937 0.916 0.958 0.921 0.952	9 1	1		11.24	11.17*	11.19*	
S, Sulphur (wt.%) 1.63 1.60 1.67 1.61 1.65 4-Acid Digestion Ag, Silver (ppm) 0.479 0.446 0.513 0.463 0.496 Al, Aluminium (wt.%) 2.86 2.78 2.94 2.79 2.93 As, Arsenic (wt.%) 0.150 0.145 0.155 0.147 0.153 As, Arsenic (wt.%) 0.160 0.145 0.155 0.147 0.153 Be, Beryllium (ppm) 0.47 0.42 0.53 0.45 0.50 Bi, Bismuth (ppm) 0.58 0.55 0.62 0.56 0.61 Ca, Calcium (wt.%) 1.60 1.54 1.65 1.56 1.63 Cd, Cadmium (ppm) 0.25 0.22 0.29 0.23 0.28 Ce, Cerium (ppm) 2.81 26.9 2.94 27.2 29.0 Co, Cobalt (ppm) 10.0 9.5 10.5 9.8 10.2 Cr, Chromium (ppm) 2.17 2.08 2.25 2.10 2.24							
A-Acid Digestion Ag, Silver (ppm) 0.479 0.446 0.513 0.463 0.496 AI, Aluminium (wt.%) 2.86 2.78 2.94 2.79 2.93 As, Arsenic (wt.%) 0.150 0.145 0.155 0.147 0.153 Ba, Barium (ppm) 1026 944 1109 987 1065 Be, Beryllium (ppm) 0.47 0.42 0.53 0.45 0.50 Bi, Bismuth (ppm) 0.58 0.55 0.62 0.56 0.61 Ca, Calcium (wt.%) 1.60 1.54 1.65 1.56 1.63 Cd, Cadmium (ppm) 0.25 0.22 0.29 0.23 0.28 Ce, Cerium (ppm) 28.1 26.9 29.4 27.2 29.0 Co, Cobalt (ppm) 10.0 9.5 10.5 9.8 10.2 Cr, Chromium (ppm) 201 173 229 190 211 Cs, Caesium (ppm) 2.17 2.08 2.25 2.10 2.24 Cr, Chomium (ppm	C, Carbon (wt.%)	0.937	0.916	0.958	0.921	0.952	
A-Acid Digestion Ag, Silver (ppm) 0.479 0.446 0.513 0.463 0.496 AI, Aluminium (wt.%) 2.86 2.78 2.94 2.79 2.93 As, Arsenic (wt.%) 0.150 0.145 0.155 0.147 0.153 Ba, Barium (ppm) 1026 944 1109 987 1065 Be, Beryllium (ppm) 0.47 0.42 0.53 0.45 0.50 Bi, Bismuth (ppm) 0.58 0.55 0.62 0.56 0.61 Ca, Calcium (wt.%) 1.60 1.54 1.65 1.56 1.63 Cd, Cadmium (ppm) 0.25 0.22 0.29 0.23 0.28 Ce, Cerium (ppm) 28.1 26.9 29.4 27.2 29.0 Co, Cobalt (ppm) 10.0 9.5 10.5 9.8 10.2 Cr, Chromium (ppm) 201 173 229 190 211 Cs, Caesium (ppm) 2.17 2.08 2.25 2.10 2.24 Cr, Chomium (ppm	, ,	1.63	1.60	1.67			
Ag, Silver (ppm) 0.479 0.446 0.513 0.463 0.496 Al, Aluminium (wt.%) 2.86 2.78 2.94 2.79 2.93 As, Arsenic (wt.%) 0.150 0.145 0.155 0.147 0.153 Ba, Barium (ppm) 1026 944 1109 987 1065 Be, Beryllium (ppm) 0.47 0.42 0.53 0.45 0.50 Bi, Bismuth (ppm) 0.58 0.55 0.62 0.56 0.61 Ca, Calcium (wt.%) 1.60 1.54 1.65 1.56 1.63 Cd, Cadmium (ppm) 0.25 0.22 0.29 0.23 0.28 Ce, Cerium (ppm) 2.81 26.9 29.4 27.2 29.0 Co, Cobalt (ppm) 10.0 9.5 10.5 9.8 10.2 Cr, Chromium (ppm) 201 173 229 190 211 Cs, Caesium (ppm) 2.17 2.08 2.25 2.10 2.24 Cu, Copper (ppm) 2.27	· , ,						
Al, Aluminium (wt.%) 2.86 2.78 2.94 2.79 2.93 As, Arsenic (wt.%) 0.150 0.145 0.155 0.147 0.153 Ba, Barium (ppm) 1026 944 1109 987 1065 Be, Beryllium (ppm) 0.47 0.42 0.53 0.45 0.50 Bi, Bismuth (ppm) 0.58 0.55 0.62 0.56 0.61 Ca, Calcium (wt.%) 1.60 1.54 1.65 1.56 1.63 Cd, Cadmium (ppm) 0.25 0.22 0.29 0.23 0.28 Ce, Cerium (ppm) 28.1 26.9 29.4 27.2 29.0 Co, Cobalt (ppm) 10.0 9.5 10.5 9.8 10.2 Cr, Chromium (ppm) 201 173 229 190 211 Cs, Caesium (ppm) 2.17 2.08 2.25 2.10 2.24 Cu, Copper (ppm) 227 220 234 222 233 Dy, Dysprosium (ppm) 2.36 2.10 2.61 2.24 2.47 Er, Erbium (ppm) 1.35		0.479	0.446	0.513	0.463	0.496	
As, Arsenic (wf.%) 0.150 0.145 0.155 0.147 0.153 Ba, Barium (ppm) 1026 944 1109 987 1065 Be, Beryllium (ppm) 0.47 0.42 0.53 0.45 0.50 Bi, Bismuth (ppm) 0.58 0.55 0.62 0.56 0.61 Ca, Calcium (wt.%) 1.60 1.54 1.65 1.56 1.63 Cd, Cadmium (ppm) 0.25 0.22 0.29 0.23 0.28 Ce, Cerium (ppm) 10.0 9.5 10.5 9.8 10.2 Co, Cobalt (ppm) 10.0 9.5 10.5 9.8 10.2 Cr, Chromium (ppm) 201 173 229 190 211 Cs, Caesium (ppm) 2.17 2.08 2.25 2.10 2.24 Cu, Copper (ppm) 227 220 234 222 233 Dy, Dysprosium (ppm) 2.36 2.10 2.61 2.24 2.47 Er, Erbium (ppm) 1.35 1.15 </td <td>,</td> <td>2.86</td> <td>2.78</td> <td>2.94</td> <td>2.79</td> <td>2.93</td>	,	2.86	2.78	2.94	2.79	2.93	
Be, Beryllium (ppm) 0.47 0.42 0.53 0.45 0.50 Bi, Bismuth (ppm) 0.58 0.55 0.62 0.56 0.61 Ca, Calcium (wt.%) 1.60 1.54 1.65 1.56 1.63 Cd, Cadmium (ppm) 0.25 0.22 0.29 0.23 0.28 Ce, Cerium (ppm) 28.1 26.9 29.4 27.2 29.0 Co, Cobalt (ppm) 10.0 9.5 10.5 9.8 10.2 Cr, Chromium (ppm) 201 173 229 190 211 Cs, Caesium (ppm) 2.17 2.08 2.25 2.10 2.24 Cu, Copper (ppm) 227 220 234 222 233 Dy, Dysprosium (ppm) 2.36 2.10 2.61 2.24 2.47 Er, Erbium (ppm) 1.35 1.15 1.55 1.23 1.47 Eu, Europium (ppm) 0.65 0.54 0.77 0.60 0.70 Fe, Iron (wt.%) 1.87 1.82 <td>As, Arsenic (wt.%)</td> <td>0.150</td> <td>0.145</td> <td>0.155</td> <td>0.147</td> <td>0.153</td>	As, Arsenic (wt.%)	0.150	0.145	0.155	0.147	0.153	
Bi, Bismuth (ppm) 0.58 0.55 0.62 0.66 0.61 Ca, Calcium (wt.%) 1.60 1.54 1.65 1.56 1.63 Cd, Cadmium (ppm) 0.25 0.22 0.29 0.23 0.28 Ce, Cerium (ppm) 28.1 26.9 29.4 27.2 29.0 Co, Cobalt (ppm) 10.0 9.5 10.5 9.8 10.2 Cr, Chromium (ppm) 201 173 229 190 211 Cs, Caesium (ppm) 2.17 2.08 2.25 2.10 2.24 Cu, Copper (ppm) 227 220 234 222 233 Dy, Dysprosium (ppm) 2.36 2.10 2.61 2.24 2.47 Er, Erbium (ppm) 1.35 1.15 1.55 1.23 1.47 Eu, Europium (ppm) 0.65 0.54 0.77 0.60 0.70 Fe, Iron (wt.%) 1.87 1.82 1.93 1.84 1.91 Ga, Gallium (ppm) 6.96 6.59 7.32 6.73 7.18 Gd, Gadolinium (ppm) 1.34	Ba, Barium (ppm)	1026	944	1109	987	1065	
Ca, Calcium (wt.%) 1.60 1.54 1.65 1.56 1.63 Cd, Cadmium (ppm) 0.25 0.22 0.29 0.23 0.28 Ce, Cerium (ppm) 28.1 26.9 29.4 27.2 29.0 Co, Cobalt (ppm) 10.0 9.5 10.5 9.8 10.2 Cr, Chromium (ppm) 201 173 229 190 211 Cs, Caesium (ppm) 2.17 2.08 2.25 2.10 2.24 Cu, Copper (ppm) 227 220 234 222 233 Dy, Dysprosium (ppm) 2.36 2.10 2.61 2.24 2.47 Er, Erbium (ppm) 1.35 1.15 1.55 1.23 1.47 Eu, Europium (ppm) 0.65 0.54 0.77 0.60 0.70 Fe, Iron (wt.%) 1.87 1.82 1.93 1.84 1.91 Ga, Gallium (ppm) 6.96 6.59 7.32 6.73 7.18 Gd, Gadolinium (ppm) 1.34 1.22 <td>,</td> <td>0.47</td> <td>0.42</td> <td>0.53</td> <td>0.45</td> <td>0.50</td>	,	0.47	0.42	0.53	0.45	0.50	
Ca, Calcium (wt.%) 1.60 1.54 1.65 1.56 1.63 Cd, Cadmium (ppm) 0.25 0.22 0.29 0.23 0.28 Ce, Cerium (ppm) 28.1 26.9 29.4 27.2 29.0 Co, Cobalt (ppm) 10.0 9.5 10.5 9.8 10.2 Cr, Chromium (ppm) 201 173 229 190 211 Cs, Caesium (ppm) 2.17 2.08 2.25 2.10 2.24 Cu, Copper (ppm) 227 220 234 222 233 Dy, Dysprosium (ppm) 2.36 2.10 2.61 2.24 2.47 Er, Erbium (ppm) 1.35 1.15 1.55 1.23 1.47 Eu, Europium (ppm) 0.65 0.54 0.77 0.60 0.70 Fe, Iron (wt.%) 1.87 1.82 1.93 1.84 1.91 Ga, Gallium (ppm) 6.96 6.59 7.32 6.73 7.18 Gd, Gadolinium (ppm) 1.34 1.22 <td>Bi, Bismuth (ppm)</td> <td>0.58</td> <td>0.55</td> <td>0.62</td> <td>0.56</td> <td>0.61</td>	Bi, Bismuth (ppm)	0.58	0.55	0.62	0.56	0.61	
Ce, Cerium (ppm) 28.1 26.9 29.4 27.2 29.0 Co, Cobalt (ppm) 10.0 9.5 10.5 9.8 10.2 Cr, Chromium (ppm) 201 173 229 190 211 Cs, Caesium (ppm) 2.17 2.08 2.25 2.10 2.24 Cu, Copper (ppm) 227 220 234 222 233 Dy, Dysprosium (ppm) 2.36 2.10 2.61 2.24 2.47 Er, Erbium (ppm) 1.35 1.15 1.55 1.23 1.47 Eu, Europium (ppm) 0.65 0.54 0.77 0.60 0.70 Fe, Iron (wt.%) 1.87 1.82 1.93 1.84 1.91 Ga, Gallium (ppm) 6.96 6.59 7.32 6.73 7.18 Gd, Gadolinium (ppm) 2.89 2.65 3.12 2.78 3.00 Hf, Hafnium (ppm) 1.34 1.22 1.47 1.27 1.41 Ho, Holmium (ppm) 0.45 0.39 <td>,</td> <td>1.60</td> <td>1.54</td> <td>1.65</td> <td>1.56</td> <td>1.63</td>	,	1.60	1.54	1.65	1.56	1.63	
Ce, Cerium (ppm) 28.1 26.9 29.4 27.2 29.0 Co, Cobalt (ppm) 10.0 9.5 10.5 9.8 10.2 Cr, Chromium (ppm) 201 173 229 190 211 Cs, Caesium (ppm) 2.17 2.08 2.25 2.10 2.24 Cu, Copper (ppm) 227 220 234 222 233 Dy, Dysprosium (ppm) 2.36 2.10 2.61 2.24 2.47 Er, Erbium (ppm) 1.35 1.15 1.55 1.23 1.47 Eu, Europium (ppm) 0.65 0.54 0.77 0.60 0.70 Fe, Iron (wt.%) 1.87 1.82 1.93 1.84 1.91 Ga, Gallium (ppm) 6.96 6.59 7.32 6.73 7.18 Gd, Gadolinium (ppm) 2.89 2.65 3.12 2.78 3.00 Hf, Hafnium (ppm) 0.45 0.39 0.52 0.42 0.48 In, Indium (ppm) 0.045 0.39 <td>Cd, Cadmium (ppm)</td> <td>0.25</td> <td>0.22</td> <td>0.29</td> <td>0.23</td> <td>0.28</td>	Cd, Cadmium (ppm)	0.25	0.22	0.29	0.23	0.28	
Co, Cobalt (ppm) 10.0 9.5 10.5 9.8 10.2 Cr, Chromium (ppm) 201 173 229 190 211 Cs, Caesium (ppm) 2.17 2.08 2.25 2.10 2.24 Cu, Copper (ppm) 227 220 234 222 233 Dy, Dysprosium (ppm) 2.36 2.10 2.61 2.24 2.47 Er, Erbium (ppm) 1.35 1.15 1.55 1.23 1.47 Eu, Europium (ppm) 0.65 0.54 0.77 0.60 0.70 Fe, Iron (wt.%) 1.87 1.82 1.93 1.84 1.91 Ga, Gallium (ppm) 6.96 6.59 7.32 6.73 7.18 Gd, Gadolinium (ppm) 2.89 2.65 3.12 2.78 3.00 Hf, Hafnium (ppm) 1.34 1.22 1.47 1.27 1.41 Ho, Holmium (ppm) 0.45 0.39 0.52 0.42 0.48 In, Indium (ppm) 0.044 0.036 </td <td></td> <td>28.1</td> <td>26.9</td> <td>29.4</td> <td>27.2</td> <td>29.0</td>		28.1	26.9	29.4	27.2	29.0	
Cs, Caesium (ppm) 2.17 2.08 2.25 2.10 2.24 Cu, Copper (ppm) 227 220 234 222 233 Dy, Dysprosium (ppm) 2.36 2.10 2.61 2.24 2.47 Er, Erbium (ppm) 1.35 1.15 1.55 1.23 1.47 Eu, Europium (ppm) 0.65 0.54 0.77 0.60 0.70 Fe, Iron (wt.%) 1.87 1.82 1.93 1.84 1.91 Ga, Gallium (ppm) 6.96 6.59 7.32 6.73 7.18 Gd, Gadolinium (ppm) 2.89 2.65 3.12 2.78 3.00 Hf, Hafnium (ppm) 1.34 1.22 1.47 1.27 1.41 Ho, Holmium (ppm) 0.45 0.39 0.52 0.42 0.48 In, Indium (ppm) 0.044 0.036 0.051 0.041 0.047 K, Potassium (wt.%) 0.420 0.407 0.432 0.409 0.431 La, Lanthanum (ppm) 15.5	Co, Cobalt (ppm)	10.0	9.5	10.5	9.8	10.2	
Cu, Copper (ppm) 227 220 234 222 233 Dy, Dysprosium (ppm) 2.36 2.10 2.61 2.24 2.47 Er, Erbium (ppm) 1.35 1.15 1.55 1.23 1.47 Eu, Europium (ppm) 0.65 0.54 0.77 0.60 0.70 Fe, Iron (wt.%) 1.87 1.82 1.93 1.84 1.91 Ga, Gallium (ppm) 6.96 6.59 7.32 6.73 7.18 Gd, Gadolinium (ppm) 2.89 2.65 3.12 2.78 3.00 Hf, Hafnium (ppm) 1.34 1.22 1.47 1.27 1.41 Ho, Holmium (ppm) 0.45 0.39 0.52 0.42 0.48 In, Indium (ppm) 0.044 0.036 0.051 0.041 0.047 K, Potassium (wt.%) 0.420 0.407 0.432 0.409 0.431 La, Lanthanum (ppm) 15.5 14.8 16.3 15.1 16.0 Li, Lithium (ppm) 28.8	Cr, Chromium (ppm)	201	173	229	190	211	
Dy, Dysprosium (ppm) 2.36 2.10 2.61 2.24 2.47 Er, Erbium (ppm) 1.35 1.15 1.55 1.23 1.47 Eu, Europium (ppm) 0.65 0.54 0.77 0.60 0.70 Fe, Iron (wt.%) 1.87 1.82 1.93 1.84 1.91 Ga, Gallium (ppm) 6.96 6.59 7.32 6.73 7.18 Gd, Gadolinium (ppm) 2.89 2.65 3.12 2.78 3.00 Hf, Hafnium (ppm) 1.34 1.22 1.47 1.27 1.41 Ho, Holmium (ppm) 0.45 0.39 0.52 0.42 0.48 In, Indium (ppm) 0.044 0.036 0.051 0.041 0.047 K, Potassium (wt.%) 0.420 0.407 0.432 0.409 0.431 La, Lanthanum (ppm) 15.5 14.8 16.3 15.1 16.0 Li, Lithium (ppm) 28.8 27.4 30.3 28.0 29.7 Lu, Lutetium (ppm) 0.	Cs, Caesium (ppm)	2.17	2.08	2.25	2.10	2.24	
Er, Erbium (ppm) 1.35 1.15 1.55 1.23 1.47 Eu, Europium (ppm) 0.65 0.54 0.77 0.60 0.70 Fe, Iron (wt.%) 1.87 1.82 1.93 1.84 1.91 Ga, Gallium (ppm) 6.96 6.59 7.32 6.73 7.18 Gd, Gadolinium (ppm) 2.89 2.65 3.12 2.78 3.00 Hf, Hafnium (ppm) 1.34 1.22 1.47 1.27 1.41 Ho, Holmium (ppm) 0.45 0.39 0.52 0.42 0.48 In, Indium (ppm) 0.044 0.036 0.051 0.041 0.047 K, Potassium (wt.%) 0.420 0.407 0.432 0.409 0.431 La, Lanthanum (ppm) 15.5 14.8 16.3 15.1 16.0 Li, Lithium (ppm) 28.8 27.4 30.3 28.0 29.7 Lu, Lutetium (ppm) 0.18 0.15 0.21 IND IND Mg, Magnesium (wt.%) 0.27	Cu, Copper (ppm)	227	220	234	222	233	
Eu, Europium (ppm) 0.65 0.54 0.77 0.60 0.70 Fe, Iron (wt.%) 1.87 1.82 1.93 1.84 1.91 Ga, Gallium (ppm) 6.96 6.59 7.32 6.73 7.18 Gd, Gadolinium (ppm) 2.89 2.65 3.12 2.78 3.00 Hf, Hafnium (ppm) 1.34 1.22 1.47 1.27 1.41 Ho, Holmium (ppm) 0.45 0.39 0.52 0.42 0.48 In, Indium (ppm) 0.044 0.036 0.051 0.041 0.047 K, Potassium (wt.%) 0.420 0.407 0.432 0.409 0.431 La, Lanthanum (ppm) 15.5 14.8 16.3 15.1 16.0 Li, Lithium (ppm) 28.8 27.4 30.3 28.0 29.7 Lu, Lutetium (ppm) 0.18 0.15 0.21 IND IND Mg, Magnesium (wt.%) 0.279 0.267 0.290 0.270 0.287 Mn, Molybdenum (ppm)	Dy, Dysprosium (ppm)	2.36	2.10	2.61	2.24	2.47	
Fe, Iron (wt.%) 1.87 1.82 1.93 1.84 1.91 Ga, Gallium (ppm) 6.96 6.59 7.32 6.73 7.18 Gd, Gadolinium (ppm) 2.89 2.65 3.12 2.78 3.00 Hf, Hafnium (ppm) 1.34 1.22 1.47 1.27 1.41 Ho, Holmium (ppm) 0.45 0.39 0.52 0.42 0.48 In, Indium (ppm) 0.044 0.036 0.051 0.041 0.047 K, Potassium (wt.%) 0.420 0.407 0.432 0.409 0.431 La, Lanthanum (ppm) 15.5 14.8 16.3 15.1 16.0 Li, Lithium (ppm) 28.8 27.4 30.3 28.0 29.7 Lu, Lutetium (ppm) 0.18 0.15 0.21 IND IND Mg, Magnesium (wt.%) 0.279 0.267 0.290 0.270 0.287 Mn, Manganese (wt.%) 0.006 0.005 0.006 0.005 0.006 Mo, Molybdenum (ppm)	Er, Erbium (ppm)	1.35	1.15	1.55	1.23	1.47	
Ga, Gallium (ppm) 6.96 6.59 7.32 6.73 7.18 Gd, Gadolinium (ppm) 2.89 2.65 3.12 2.78 3.00 Hf, Hafnium (ppm) 1.34 1.22 1.47 1.27 1.41 Ho, Holmium (ppm) 0.45 0.39 0.52 0.42 0.48 In, Indium (ppm) 0.044 0.036 0.051 0.041 0.047 K, Potassium (wt.%) 0.420 0.407 0.432 0.409 0.431 La, Lanthanum (ppm) 15.5 14.8 16.3 15.1 16.0 Li, Lithium (ppm) 28.8 27.4 30.3 28.0 29.7 Lu, Lutetium (ppm) 0.18 0.15 0.21 IND IND Mg, Magnesium (wt.%) 0.279 0.267 0.290 0.270 0.287 Mn, Manganese (wt.%) 0.006 0.005 0.006 0.005 0.006 Mo, Molybdenum (ppm) 17.8 17.0 18.7 17.4 18.3	Eu, Europium (ppm)	0.65	0.54	0.77	0.60	0.70	
Gd, Gadolinium (ppm) 2.89 2.65 3.12 2.78 3.00 Hf, Hafnium (ppm) 1.34 1.22 1.47 1.27 1.41 Ho, Holmium (ppm) 0.45 0.39 0.52 0.42 0.48 In, Indium (ppm) 0.044 0.036 0.051 0.041 0.047 K, Potassium (wt.%) 0.420 0.407 0.432 0.409 0.431 La, Lanthanum (ppm) 15.5 14.8 16.3 15.1 16.0 Li, Lithium (ppm) 28.8 27.4 30.3 28.0 29.7 Lu, Lutetium (ppm) 0.18 0.15 0.21 IND IND Mg, Magnesium (wt.%) 0.279 0.267 0.290 0.270 0.287 Mn, Manganese (wt.%) 0.006 0.005 0.006 0.005 0.006 Mo, Molybdenum (ppm) 17.8 17.0 18.7 17.4 18.3	Fe, Iron (wt.%)	1.87	1.82	1.93	1.84	1.91	
Hf, Hafnium (ppm) 1.34 1.22 1.47 1.27 1.41 Ho, Holmium (ppm) 0.45 0.39 0.52 0.42 0.48 In, Indium (ppm) 0.044 0.036 0.051 0.041 0.047 K, Potassium (wt.%) 0.420 0.407 0.432 0.409 0.431 La, Lanthanum (ppm) 15.5 14.8 16.3 15.1 16.0 Li, Lithium (ppm) 28.8 27.4 30.3 28.0 29.7 Lu, Lutetium (ppm) 0.18 0.15 0.21 IND IND Mg, Magnesium (wt.%) 0.279 0.267 0.290 0.270 0.287 Mn, Manganese (wt.%) 0.006 0.005 0.006 0.005 0.006 Mo, Molybdenum (ppm) 17.8 17.0 18.7 17.4 18.3	Ga, Gallium (ppm)	6.96	6.59	7.32	6.73	7.18	
Ho, Holmium (ppm) 0.45 0.39 0.52 0.42 0.48 In, Indium (ppm) 0.044 0.036 0.051 0.041 0.047 K, Potassium (wt.%) 0.420 0.407 0.432 0.409 0.431 La, Lanthanum (ppm) 15.5 14.8 16.3 15.1 16.0 Li, Lithium (ppm) 28.8 27.4 30.3 28.0 29.7 Lu, Lutetium (ppm) 0.18 0.15 0.21 IND IND Mg, Magnesium (wt.%) 0.279 0.267 0.290 0.270 0.287 Mn, Manganese (wt.%) 0.006 0.005 0.006 0.005 0.006 Mo, Molybdenum (ppm) 17.8 17.0 18.7 17.4 18.3	Gd, Gadolinium (ppm)	2.89	2.65	3.12	2.78	3.00	
In, Indium (ppm) 0.044 0.036 0.051 0.041 0.047 K, Potassium (wt.%) 0.420 0.407 0.432 0.409 0.431 La, Lanthanum (ppm) 15.5 14.8 16.3 15.1 16.0 Li, Lithium (ppm) 28.8 27.4 30.3 28.0 29.7 Lu, Lutetium (ppm) 0.18 0.15 0.21 IND IND Mg, Magnesium (wt.%) 0.279 0.267 0.290 0.270 0.287 Mn, Manganese (wt.%) 0.006 0.005 0.006 0.005 0.006 Mo, Molybdenum (ppm) 17.8 17.0 18.7 17.4 18.3	Hf, Hafnium (ppm)	1.34	1.22	1.47	1.27	1.41	
K, Potassium (wt.%) 0.420 0.407 0.432 0.409 0.431 La, Lanthanum (ppm) 15.5 14.8 16.3 15.1 16.0 Li, Lithium (ppm) 28.8 27.4 30.3 28.0 29.7 Lu, Lutetium (ppm) 0.18 0.15 0.21 IND IND Mg, Magnesium (wt.%) 0.279 0.267 0.290 0.270 0.287 Mn, Manganese (wt.%) 0.006 0.005 0.006 0.005 0.006 Mo, Molybdenum (ppm) 17.8 17.0 18.7 17.4 18.3	Ho, Holmium (ppm)	0.45	0.39	0.52	0.42	0.48	
La, Lanthanum (ppm) 15.5 14.8 16.3 15.1 16.0 Li, Lithium (ppm) 28.8 27.4 30.3 28.0 29.7 Lu, Lutetium (ppm) 0.18 0.15 0.21 IND IND Mg, Magnesium (wt.%) 0.279 0.267 0.290 0.270 0.287 Mn, Manganese (wt.%) 0.006 0.005 0.006 0.005 0.006 Mo, Molybdenum (ppm) 17.8 17.0 18.7 17.4 18.3	In, Indium (ppm)	0.044	0.036	0.051	0.041	0.047	
Li, Lithium (ppm) 28.8 27.4 30.3 28.0 29.7 Lu, Lutetium (ppm) 0.18 0.15 0.21 IND IND Mg, Magnesium (wt.%) 0.279 0.267 0.290 0.270 0.287 Mn, Manganese (wt.%) 0.006 0.005 0.006 0.005 0.006 Mo, Molybdenum (ppm) 17.8 17.0 18.7 17.4 18.3	K, Potassium (wt.%)	0.420	0.407	0.432	0.409	0.431	
Lu, Lutetium (ppm) 0.18 0.15 0.21 IND IND Mg, Magnesium (wt.%) 0.279 0.267 0.290 0.270 0.287 Mn, Manganese (wt.%) 0.006 0.005 0.006 0.005 0.006 Mo, Molybdenum (ppm) 17.8 17.0 18.7 17.4 18.3	La, Lanthanum (ppm)	15.5	14.8	16.3	15.1	16.0	
Mg, Magnesium (wt.%) 0.279 0.267 0.290 0.270 0.287 Mn, Manganese (wt.%) 0.006 0.005 0.006 0.005 0.006 Mo, Molybdenum (ppm) 17.8 17.0 18.7 17.4 18.3	Li, Lithium (ppm)	28.8	27.4	30.3	28.0	29.7	
Mn, Manganese (wt.%) 0.006 0.005 0.006 0.005 Mo, Molybdenum (ppm) 17.8 17.0 18.7 17.4 18.3	Lu, Lutetium (ppm)	0.18	0.15	0.21	IND	IND	
Mo, Molybdenum (ppm) 17.8 17.0 18.7 17.4 18.3	Mg, Magnesium (wt.%)	0.279	0.267	0.290	0.270	0.287	
	Mn, Manganese (wt.%)	0.006	0.005	0.006	0.005	0.006	
Na, Sodium (wt.%) 0.019 0.018 0.021 0.018 0.021	Mo, Molybdenum (ppm)	17.8	17.0	18.7	17.4	18.3	
	Na, Sodium (wt.%)	0.019	0.018	0.021	0.018	0.021	

SI unit equivalents: ppm (parts per million; 1×10^{-6}) \equiv mg/kg; wt.% (weight per cent) \equiv % (mass fraction).

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^{*}Gold Tolerance Limits for typical 30 g lead/bismuth fire assay and 450-480 g PhotonAssay are determined from 20 x 85 mg INAA results and the Sampling Constant (Ingamells & Switzer, 1973).

Note: intervals may appear asymmetric due to rounding.

IND = indeterminate (due to limited reading resolution of the methods employed).

Table 1 continued.

Certified 95% Expanded Uncertainty 95% Tolerance Limits											
Constituent	Certified Value	•	1								
4 Acid Digestion continued	value	Low	High	Low	High						
4-Acid Digestion continued	6.04	6.40	7.00	0.54	7.44						
Nb, Niobium (ppm)	6.81	6.40	7.22	6.51	7.11						
Nd, Neodymium (ppm)	15.2	13.9	16.4	14.7	15.6						
Ni, Nickel (ppm)	72	69	74	70	73						
P, Phosphorus (wt.%)	0.159	0.154	0.163	0.155	0.162						
Pb, Lead (ppm)	7.60	7.15	8.06	7.18	8.03						
Pr, Praseodymium (ppm)	3.83	3.52	4.13	3.72	3.94						
Rb, Rubidium (ppm)	24.3	23.3	25.3	23.5	25.1						
Re, Rhenium (ppm)	0.024	0.021	0.028	0.022	0.027						
S, Sulphur (wt.%)	1.61	1.56	1.67	1.59	1.64						
Sb, Antimony (ppm)	251	241	260	244	257						
Sc, Scandium (ppm)	2.73	2.57	2.88	2.61	2.84						
Se, Selenium (ppm)	1.84	1.15	2.53	IND	IND						
Sm, Samarium (ppm)	2.99	2.67	3.32	2.83	3.16						
Sn, Tin (ppm)	1.55	1.41	1.69	1.45	1.64						
Sr, Strontium (ppm)	21.7	20.8	22.5	21.0	22.3						
Ta, Tantalum (ppm)	0.41	0.37	0.45	0.38	0.44						
Tb, Terbium (ppm)	0.39	0.36	0.42	0.36	0.42						
Te, Tellurium (ppm)	0.63	0.55	0.70	0.56	0.69						
Th, Thorium (ppm)	4.93	4.60	5.26	4.76	5.10						
Ti, Titanium (wt.%)	0.155	0.150	0.161	0.152	0.159						
Tl, Thallium (ppm)	18.6	17.8	19.4	18.0	19.2						
Tm, Thulium (ppm)	0.17	0.14	0.20	IND	IND						
U, Uranium (ppm)	6.02	5.70	6.35	5.85	6.20						
V, Vanadium (ppm)	184	178	189	180	188						
W, Tungsten (ppm)	52	48	55	50	53						
Y, Yttrium (ppm)	15.9	14.9	16.8	15.4	16.3						
Yb, Ytterbium (ppm)	1.18	1.03	1.33	1.08	1.28						
Zn, Zinc (ppm)	41.2	39.3	43.0	40.1	42.3						
Zr, Zirconium (ppm)	48.1	45.4	50.9	46.2	50.1						
Aqua Regia Digestion		<u>.</u>									
Ag, Silver (ppm)	0.460	0.424	0.496	0.431	0.490						
Al, Aluminium (wt.%)	0.684	0.640	0.727	0.663	0.704						
As, Arsenic (wt.%)	0.151	0.146	0.157	0.148	0.155						
Au, Gold (ppm)	7.13	6.52	7.74	6.87	7.39						
B, Boron (ppm)	< 10	IND	IND	IND	IND						
Be, Beryllium (ppm)	0.13	0.10	0.15	IND	IND						
Bi, Bismuth (ppm)	0.56	0.53	0.60	0.54	0.59						
Ca, Calcium (wt.%)	1.55	1.49	1.60	1.51	1.58						
Cd, Cadmium (ppm)	0.24	0.21	0.27	0.22	0.26						
Ce, Cerium (ppm)	22.9	22.0	23.9	22.3	23.6						
,	1	1	I	1	l						

SI unit equivalents: ppm (parts per million; 1×10^{-6}) \equiv mg/kg; wt.% (weight per cent) \equiv % (mass fraction).

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Note: intervals may appear asymmetric due to rounding.

IND = indeterminate (due to limited reading resolution of the methods employed. For practical purposes the 95% Expanded Uncertainty can be set between zero and a two times multiple of the upper bound/non-detect limit value).

Table 1 continued.

-	1 4 5 1 4	Continued.				
Constituent	Certified	95% Expande	d Uncertainty	95% Tolerance Limits		
Constituent	Value	Low	High	Low	High	
Aqua Regia Digestion continued						
Co, Cobalt (ppm)	9.63	9.26	10.00	9.40	9.85	
Cr, Chromium (ppm)	36.7	34.3	39.0	35.5	37.9	
Cs, Caesium (ppm)	0.94	0.88	1.01	0.90	0.98	
Cu, Copper (ppm)	227	220	234	223	231	
Fe, Iron (wt.%)	1.81	1.75	1.87	1.77	1.85	
Ga, Gallium (ppm)	2.17	1.97	2.37	2.08	2.26	
Hf, Hafnium (ppm)	0.18	0.16	0.20	0.15	0.20	
Hg, Mercury (ppm)	8.11	7.66	8.55	7.85	8.36	
In, Indium (ppm)	0.036	0.030	0.043	0.032	0.041	
K, Potassium (wt.%)	0.106	0.096	0.115	0.103	0.108	
La, Lanthanum (ppm)	12.3	11.8	12.8	12.0	12.6	
Li, Lithium (ppm)	4.41	4.04	4.77	4.22	4.59	
Mg, Magnesium (wt.%)	0.211	0.199	0.222	0.205	0.217	
Mn, Manganese (wt.%)	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005	
Mo, Molybdenum (ppm)	17.4	16.7	18.2	17.0	17.8	
Ni, Nickel (ppm)	69	66	72	67	70	
P, Phosphorus (wt.%)	0.159	0.153	0.165	0.155	0.162	
Pb, Lead (ppm)	6.84	6.44	7.24	6.62	7.06	
Rb, Rubidium (ppm)	6.31	5.86	6.76	6.07	6.55	
Re, Rhenium (ppm)	0.024	0.021	0.026	0.021	0.026	
S, Sulphur (wt.%)	1.59	1.55	1.63	1.56	1.62	
Sb, Antimony (ppm)	216	204	228	211	221	
Sc, Scandium (ppm)	0.98	0.88	1.08	IND	IND	
Se, Selenium (ppm)	1.56	1.31	1.82	1.24	1.88	
Sn, Tin (ppm)	1.01	0.92	1.09	0.94	1.07	
Sr, Strontium (ppm)	13.4	12.7	14.1	13.1	13.7	
Ta, Tantalum (ppm)	< 0.01	IND	IND	IND	IND	
Tb, Terbium (ppm)	0.33	0.31	0.35	0.32	0.35	
Te, Tellurium (ppm)	0.57	0.50	0.65	0.51	0.64	
Th, Thorium (ppm)	3.85	3.69	4.01	3.73	3.97	
Ti, Titanium (wt.%)	0.005	0.004	0.006	0.005	0.005	
TI, Thallium (ppm)	17.7	16.9	18.6	17.3	18.2	
U, Uranium (ppm)	4.41	4.19	4.64	4.29	4.54	
V, Vanadium (ppm)	66	62	70	64	68	
W, Tungsten (ppm)	17.5	16.4	18.7	16.9	18.1	
Y, Yttrium (ppm)	9.30	8.87	9.73	9.08	9.52	
Yb, Ytterbium (ppm)	0.50	0.46	0.53	IND	IND	
Zn, Zinc (ppm)	39.4	37.7	41.1	38.4	40.3	
Zr, Zirconium (ppm)	6.13	5.68	6.57	5.85	6.40	
		•				

SI unit equivalents: ppm (parts per million; 1×10^{-6}) \equiv mg/kg; wt.% (weight per cent) \equiv % (mass fraction).

Note: intervals may appear asymmetric due to rounding.

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IND = indeterminate (due to limited reading resolution of the methods employed. For practical purposes the 95% Expanded Uncertainty can be set between zero and a two times multiple of the upper bound/non-detect limit value).

Table 2. Indicative Values for OREAS 281.

			le Z. Illuicativ	- Tu.ucc	101 0112,10			
Constituent	Unit	Value	Constituent	Unit	Value	Constituent	Unit	Value
4-Acid Dige	stion		L					
В	ppm	8.31	Ge	ppm	0.14	Hg	ppm	5.34
Aqua Regia	Digestic	n						
Ва	ppm	106	Но	ppm	0.27	Pr	ppm	2.96
Dy	ppm	1.65	Lu	ppm	0.070	Pt	ppb	< 5
Er	ppm	0.70	Na	wt.%	0.011	Sm	ppm	2.41
Eu	ppm	0.57	Nb	ppm	0.13	Tm	ppm	0.070
Gd	ppm	2.01	Nd	ppm	11.2			
Ge	ppm	0.089	Pd	ppb	< 10			
Borate Fusi	on XRF							
Al_2O_3	wt.%	5.48	MgO	wt.%	0.500	S	wt.%	1.60
CaO	wt.%	2.20	MnO	wt.%	0.010	SiO ₂	wt.%	81.69
Fe ₂ O ₃	wt.%	2.65	Na₂O	wt.%	0.045	TiO ₂	wt.%	0.290
K ₂ O	wt.%	0.496	P ₂ O ₅	wt.%	0.348			
Thermograv	imetry							
LOI ¹⁰⁰⁰	wt.%	3.71						
Laser Ablati	ion ICP-I	MS						
Ag	ppm	0.650	Hf	ppm	2.43	Sn	ppm	1.80
As	wt.%	0.162	Но	ppm	0.60	Sr	ppm	21.7
Ва	ppm	1160	In	ppm	< 0.05	Та	ppm	0.48
Be	ppm	0.40	La	ppm	16.9	Tb	ppm	0.49
Bi	ppm	0.63	Lu	ppm	0.23	Te	ppm	0.60
Cd	ppm	0.30	Mn	wt.%	0.006	Th	ppm	5.38
Ce	ppm	28.9	Мо	ppm	17.3	Ti	wt.%	0.169
Co	ppm	11.0	Nb	ppm	7.98	TI	ppm	16.3
Cr	ppm	293	Nd	ppm	16.5	Tm	ppm	0.25
Cs	ppm	2.21	Ni	ppm	74	U	ppm	6.46
Cu	ppm	234	Pb	ppm	8.50	V	ppm	201
Dy	ppm	2.86	Pr	ppm	4.29	W	ppm	54
Er	ppm	1.69	Rb	ppm	24.1	Υ	ppm	19.5
Eu	ppm	0.72	Re	ppm	0.035	Yb	ppm	1.57
Ga	ppm	7.00	Sb	ppm	279	Zn	ppm	42.5
Gd	ppm	3.14	Sc	ppm	3.05	Zr	ppm	86
Ge	ppm	0.95	Sm	ppm	3.29			

SI unit equivalents: ppm (parts per million; 1×10^{-6}) \equiv mg/kg; wt.% (weight per cent) \equiv % (mass fraction). Note: the number of significant figures reported is not a reflection of the level of certainty of stated values. They are instead an artefact of ORE's in-house CRM-specific LIMS.

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INTRODUCTION

OREAS reference materials are intended to provide a low-cost method of evaluating and improving the quality of analysis of geological samples. To the geologist they provide a means of implementing quality control in analytical data sets generated in exploration from the grass roots level through to prospect evaluation, and in grade control at mining operations. To the analyst they provide an effective means of calibrating analytical equipment, assessing new techniques and routinely monitoring in-house procedures. OREAS reference materials enable users to successfully achieve process control of these tasks because the observed variance from repeated analysis has its origin almost exclusively in the analytical process rather than the reference material itself. In evaluating laboratory performance with this CRM, the section headed 'Instructions for handling and correct use' should be read carefully.

Table 1 presents the certified values together with their associated 95 % expanded uncertainty and tolerance intervals. Table 2 provides indicative values, including major and trace element characterisation, Table 3 lists indicative physical properties, while Table 4 reports indicative mineralogy determined by semi-quantitative XRD analysis, Gold homogeneity, assessed by INAA, is shown in Table 5 and is further demonstrated through a nested ANOVA (see *Homogeneity Evaluation* section). Finally, Table 6 presents the performance gate intervals for all certified values.

Tabulated results of all analytes together with uncorrected means, medians, standard deviations, relative standard deviations and per cent deviation of laboratory means from the corrected mean of means (PDM³) are presented in the detailed certification data for this CRM (OREAS 281-DataPack.1.0.251107_163052.xlsx). The certified values and uncertainties in this Certificate are the sole authoritative figures. Any additional significant figures in the DataPack are provided for reference only and do not affect the certified results.

Results are also presented in scatter plots for Au by Pb fire assay and Au by PhotonAssay™ in Figures 1 to 2 respectively, together with ±3SD (magenta) and ±5 % (yellow) control lines and certified value (green line). Accepted individual results are coloured blue and individual and dataset outliers are identified in red and violet, respectively.

SOURCE MATERIAL

OREAS 281 was prepared from a blend of high-grade gold ore and barren materials comprising quartz, black slate, pyrite, white marble, dolomite, and graphite. The ore was sourced from the Leeville Mine, near the western crest of the Tuscarora Mountains, approximately 20 miles northwest of Carlin, Nevada, USA. Leeville is an underground, high-grade refractory gold deposit on the Carlin Trend. The ore was provided by Nevada Gold Mines, operated under Barrick's management. The Leeville deposit is hosted in carbonate rocks within the Carlin Trend, where gold occurs as fine-grained, disseminated, and structurally controlled Carlin-type mineralisation, commonly associated with pyrite and arsenian pyrite in decalcified and weakly to moderately silicified zones.

The ore is double-refractory, containing both sulphidic sulphur and carbonaceous (organic) matter. Gold occurs as submicroscopic inclusions within sulphide minerals and is also adsorbed onto organic carbon surfaces, which can exhibit strong preg-robbing behaviour during cyanidation.

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COMMINUTION AND HOMOGENISATION PROCEDURES

The materials constituting OREAS 281 was prepared in the following manner:

- Drying of ore and barren materials to constant mass at 105° C;
- Crushing and multi-stage milling of the barren materials to >98 % minus 75 microns;
- Crushing and multi-stage milling of the ore to 100 % minus 30 microns;
- Blending the ore and barren materials in appropriate proportions to achieve desired grades;
- Homogenisation using OREAS' novel processing technologies;
- Packaging in 60 g units in laminated foil pouches and 500 g units in plastic wide-mouth jars.

PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

OREAS 281 was tested at ORE Research & Exploration Pty Ltd's onsite facility for various physical properties. Table 3 presents these findings that should be used for informational purposes only.

Table 3. Physical properties of OREAS 281.

Bulk Density (kg/m³)	Bulk Density (kg/m³) Moisture (wt.%)		Munsell Color‡			
653	0.62	N6	Medium Light Gray			

[‡]The Munsell Rock Color Chart helps geologists and archeologists communicate with colour more effectively by cross-referencing ISCC-NBS colour names with unique Munsell alpha-numeric colour notations for rock colour samples.

MINERALOGY

The semi-quantitative XRD results shown in Table 4 below were undertaken by ALS Metallurgy in Balcatta, Western Australia. The results have been normalised to 100 % and represent the relative proportion of crystalline material. Totals greater or less than 100 % are due to rounding errors. Some amorphous material may be present. 'Clay mineral' appears to be mainly illite. 'Kandite group' appears to be mainly kaolinite and dickite.

Table 4. Indicative mineralogy of OREAS 281 by semi-quantitative XRD analysis.

Mineral / Mineral Group	% (mass ratio)
Kandite group	9
Serpentine	< 1
Annite - biotite - phlogopite	1
Muscovite	4
Quartz	79
Calcite	1
Dolomite - ankerite	2
Pyrite	2
Marcasite	1
Apatite group	< 1

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ANALYTICAL PROGRAM

Fifty-nine commercial analytical laboratories participated in the program to certify the elements reported in Table 1. The following methods were employed:

- Gold by Pb collection fire assay (25-50g charge weight) with AAS (20 laboratories), gravimetric (12 laboratories) and ICP-OES (6 laboratories) finish;
- Gold by Bi collection fire assay (30 g charge weight) with AAS finish (3 submissions of 5 samples at 1 laboratory);
- Gold by PhotonAssay[™] (protocol PAAU02) with recommended gross fill mass of 450
 -480 g (21 laboratories);
- Total C and S by IR combustion furnace (up to 33 laboratories depending on the element);
- Full ICP-OES and ICP-MS elemental suites by 4-acid (HNO₃-HF-HClO₄-HCl) digestion (up to 31 laboratories depending on the element);
- Full ICP-OES and ICP-MS elemental suites by aqua regia digestion (up to 31 laboratories depending on the element).

For the round robin program, twelve 5 kg test units were collected at predetermined intervals during the bagging stage, immediately after homogenisation. With the exception of the Au by Bi collection fire assay and Au by PhotonAssay™ programs, each participating laboratory received six test portions. The samples received by each laboratory were obtained by taking a 110 g sample from six different 5 kg test units to maximise representation (i.e., from either the odd or even sampling (lot) intervals).

For the Bi collection fire assay program, three separate submissions of five 110g samples were sent to one laboratory. Each submission was sent a week apart to make the program more robust by incorporating batch-to-batch variation in the certification data.

For the PhotonAssay program, each of the participating laboratories received three 500 g samples. Laboratories were instructed to prepare PhotonAssay jars from each sample and assay each jar in duplicate, generating a total of six results per laboratory. The recommended gross fill mass for each candidate reference material was specified to participants to ensure consistency in measurement conditions.

The 20 individual INAA results upon which much of the homogeneity evaluation is based, included paired 10 g samples taken from 10 different sampling units. This format enabled a nested ANOVA treatment of the INAA results to evaluate homogeneity (see 'Homogeneity Evaluation' section below).

STATISTICAL ANALYSIS

Certified Values and their uncertainty intervals (Table 1) have been determined for each analyte following removal of individual, laboratory dataset (batch) and 3SD outliers (single iteration). Outlier evaluation was conducted in accordance with ISO 17034:2017 and ISO 33405:2024. While formal statistical tests were applied, professional statistical judgment was also exercised in determining the validity of potential outliers. Assessment of systematic bias and performance using independent control materials (CRMs) was incorporated to ensure compliance with the referenced standards and to establish metrological traceability of the certified values.

95% Expanded Uncertainty provides a 95 % probability that the true value of the analyte under consideration lies between the upper and lower limits and is calculated according to

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the method outlined in [5] and [15]. All known or suspected sources of bias have been investigated or taken into account.

Indicative (uncertified) values (Table 2) are present where the number of laboratories reporting a particular analyte is insufficient (< 5) to support certification or where interlaboratory consensus is poor. This data is intended for 'informational purposes' only.

Standard Deviation intervals (see Table 6, 'Performance Gates') provide an indication of a level of performance that might reasonably be expected from a laboratory being monitored by this CRM in a QA/QC program. They take into account errors attributable to measurement uncertainty and CRM variability. For an effective CRM the contribution of the latter should be negligible in comparison to measurement errors. The Standard Deviation values include all sources of measurement uncertainty: between-lab variance, within-run variance (precision errors) and CRM variability.

The SD for each analyte's certified value is calculated from the same filtered data set used to determine the certified value, i.e., after removal of all individual, lab dataset (batch) and 3SD outliers (single iteration). These outliers can only be removed after the absolute homogeneity of the CRM has been independently established, i.e., the outliers must be confidently deemed to be analytical rather than arising from inhomogeneity of the CRM. *The standard deviation is then calculated for each analyte from the pooled accepted analyses generated from the certification program.*

Homogeneity Evaluation

For analytes other than gold, the tolerance limits (ISO 16269:2014) shown in Table 1 were determined using an analysis of precision errors method and are considered a conservative estimate of true homogeneity. The meaning of tolerance limits may be illustrated for Cu by 4-acid digestion, where 99 % of the time (1- α =0.99) at least 95 % of subsamples (ρ =0.95) will have concentrations lying between 222 and 233 ppm. Put more precisely, this means that if the same number of subsamples were taken and analysed in the same manner repeatedly, 99 % of the tolerance intervals so constructed would cover at least 95 % of the total population, and 1 % of the tolerance intervals would cover less than 95 % of the total population. *Please note that tolerance limits pertain to the homogeneity of the CRM only and should not be used as control limits for laboratory performance.*

The homogeneity of gold has been determined by INAA at ANSTO using the reduced analytical subsample method which utilises the known relationship between standard deviation and analytical subsample weight (Ingamells and Switzer, 1973 [2]). In this approach the sample aliquot is substantially reduced to a point where most of the variability in replicate assays should be due to inhomogeneity of the reference material and measurement error becomes negligible. Table 5 below shows the gold INAA data determined on 20 x 85 mg subsamples of OREAS 281. An equivalent scaled version of the results is also provided to demonstrate an appreciation of what this data means if 30 g fire assays were undertaken without the normal measurement error associated with this methodology. In this instance, the 1RSD of 0.13 % calculated for a 30 g fire assay sample (2.46 % at 85 mg weights) confirms the high level of gold homogeneity in OREAS 281.

The homogeneity of OREAS 281 has also been evaluated in an Analysis of Variance (ANOVA) of the INAA data. The 20 samples were comprised of paired samples from each of 10 sampling lot intervals (representative of the prepared batch) and were randomised prior to assigning sample numbers. The duplicate samples enabled an ANOVA by comparison of within- and between-unit variances across the 10 pairs. The purpose of the ANOVA is to test that no statistically significant difference exists in the variance between

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units to that of the variance within units. This allows an assessment of homogeneity across the entire prepared batch of OREAS 281. The test was performed using the following parameters:

- Gold INAA 20 results (1 laboratory providing duplicate analyses on 10 samples where each sample can be viewed as a 'unit');
- Null Hypothesis, H₀: Between-unit variance is no greater than within-unit variance (reject H₀ if p-value < 0.05);
- Alternative Hypothesis, H₁: Between-unit variance is greater than within-unit variance.

Table 5. Neutron Activation Analysis of Au (in ppm) on 20 x 8 5mg subsamples and showing the equivalent results scaled to a 30 g sample mass typical of fire assay determination.

Replicate	Au	Au
No	85 mg actual	30 g equivalent*
1	11.20	11.51
2	11.22	11.52
3	11.63	11.54
4	11.31	11.52
5	11.97	11.56
6	11.89	11.55
7	11.71	11.54
8	11.58	11.53
9	11.31	11.52
10	11.06	11.51
11	11.06	11.51
12	11.38	11.52
13	11.44	11.53
14	11.61	11.54
15	12.05	11.56
16	11.80	11.55
17	11.66	11.54
18	11.49	11.53
19	11.64	11.54
20	11.64	11.54
Mean	11.53	11.53
Median	11.60	11.54
Std Dev.	0.284	0.015
Rel.Std.Dev.	2.46%	0.13%

*Results calculated for a 30g equivalent sample mass using the formula:
$$x^{30g \ Eq} = \frac{(x^{INAA} - \bar{X}) \times RSD@30g}{RSD@85mg} + \bar{X}$$
 where $x^{30g \ Eq} =$ equivalent result calculated for a 30g sample mass $(x^{INAA}) =$ raw INAA result at 85mg $\bar{X} =$ mean of 85mg INAA results

The data were not filtered for outliers before p-value calculation, which yielded 0.88—statistically insignificant, so the Null Hypothesis is accepted. ANOVA does not measure absolute homogeneity; it evaluates whether analytes are similarly distributed across the packaging run and whether variance between subsamples from the same unit differs from that between separate units. A reference material may show poor absolute homogeneity yet still meet a relative homogeneity (ANOVA) criterion if within-unit heterogeneity is substantial and consistent. Based on ANOVA and interlaboratory certification results, OREAS 281 is fit-for-purpose as a certified reference material (see 'Intended Use' below).

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PERFORMANCE GATES

Table 6 below shows intervals calculated for two and three standard deviations. As a guide these intervals may be regarded as warning or rejection for multiple 2SD outliers, or rejection for individual 3SD outliers in QC monitoring, although their precise application should be at the discretion of the QC manager concerned (also see 'Intended Use' section below). Westgard Rules extend the basics of single-rule QC monitoring using multi-rules (for more information visit www.westgard.com/mltirule.htm). A second method utilises a 5 % window calculated directly from the certified value.

Standard deviation is also shown in relative percent for one, two and three relative standard deviations (1RSD, 2RSD and 3RSD) to facilitate an appreciation of the magnitude of these numbers and a comparison with the 5 % window. Caution should be exercised when concentration levels approach lower limits of detection of the analytical methods employed as performance gates calculated from standard deviations tend to be excessively wide whereas those determined by the 5 % method are too narrow. One approach used at commercial laboratories is to set the acceptance criteria at twice the detection level (DL) ± 10 %.

i.e., Certified Value ±10 % ±2DL [1].

Table 6. Performance Gates for OREAS 281.

Pipe Fire Assay	Table 6. I efformance dates for ONLAG 201.												
Ph Fire Assay	Constituent	Certified		Absolute	Standard	Deviations	S	Relative	Standard D	eviations	5 % window		
Au, ppm 10.90 0.404 10.09 11.71 9.69 12.11 3.70% 7.41% 11.11% 10.36 11.45 Bi Fire Assay Au, ppm 10.90 0.346 10.21 11.59 9.86 11.94 3.18% 6.36% 9.53% 10.36 11.45 PhotonAssay™ (recommended gross mass 450-480 g) Au, ppm 11.18 0.180 10.82 11.54 10.64 11.72 1.61% 3.22% 4.84% 10.62 11.74 Infrared Combustion 0.937 0.028 0.881 0.992 0.863 1.020 2.99% 5.97% 8.96% 0.890 0.983 S, wt.% 1.63 0.042 1.55 1.72 1.51 1.76 2.55% 5.10% 7.65% 1.55 1.71 4-Actid Digestion Ag, ppm 0.479 0.041 0.398 0.561 0.357 0.602 8.54% 17.07% 25.61% 0.455 0.503 Al, wt.% </td <td>Constituent</td> <td>Value</td> <td>1SD</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>_</td> <td>1RSD</td> <td>2RSD</td> <td>3RSD</td> <td>Low</td> <td>High</td>	Constituent	Value	1SD			-	_	1RSD	2RSD	3RSD	Low	High	
Bi Fire Assay Au, ppm 10.90 0.346 10.21 11.59 9.86 11.94 3.18% 6.36% 9.53% 10.36 11.45 PhotonAssay™(recommended gross mass 450-480 g) Au, ppm 11.18 0.180 10.82 11.54 10.64 11.72 1.61% 3.22% 4.84% 10.62 11.74 Infrared Combustion C, wt.% 0.937 0.028 0.881 0.992 0.853 1.020 2.99% 5.97% 8.96% 0.890 0.983 S, wt.% 1.63 0.042 1.55 1.72 1.51 1.76 2.55% 5.10% 7.65% 1.55 1.71 4-Acid Digestro Ba, ppm 0.479 0.041 0.398 0.561 0.357 0.602 8.54% 17.07% 25.61% 0.455 0.503 Al, wt.% 2.86 0.081 2.70 3.02 2.62 3.10 2.84% 5.68% 8.52% 2.72	Pb Fire Assay												
Au, ppm 10.90 0.346 10.21 11.59 9.86 11.94 3.18% 6.36% 9.53% 10.36 11.45 PhotonAssay™ (recommerted grows mass 450-480 g) Au, ppm 11.18 0.180 10.82 11.54 10.64 11.72 1.61% 3.22% 4.84% 10.62 11.74 Infrared Combustion C, wt.% 0.937 0.028 0.881 0.992 0.853 1.020 2.99% 5.97% 8.96% 0.890 0.983 S, wt.% 1.63 0.042 1.55 1.72 1.51 1.76 2.55% 5.10% 7.65% 1.55 1.71 4-Acid Digestror Al, wt.% 2.86 0.081 2.70 3.02 2.62 3.10 2.84% 5.68% 8.52% 2.72 3.00 As, wt.% 0.150 0.004 0.141 0.159 0.137 0.163 2.98% 5.96% 8.94% 0.142 0.157 Ba, ppm <td< td=""><td>Au, ppm</td><td>10.90</td><td>0.404</td><td>10.09</td><td>11.71</td><td>9.69</td><td>12.11</td><td>3.70%</td><td>7.41%</td><td>11.11%</td><td>10.36</td><td>11.45</td></td<>	Au, ppm	10.90	0.404	10.09	11.71	9.69	12.11	3.70%	7.41%	11.11%	10.36	11.45	
PhotonAssay™ (recommended gross mass 450-480 g) Au, ppm 11.18 0.180 10.82 11.54 10.64 11.72 1.61% 3.22% 4.84% 10.62 11.74 Infrared Combustion C, wt.% 0.937 0.028 0.881 0.992 0.853 1.020 2.99% 5.97% 8.96% 0.890 0.983 S, wt.% 1.63 0.042 1.55 1.72 1.51 1.76 2.55% 5.10% 7.65% 1.55 1.71 4-Acid Digestion Ag, ppm 0.479 0.041 0.398 0.561 0.357 0.602 8.54% 17.07% 25.61% 0.455 0.503 Al, wt.% 2.86 0.081 2.70 3.02 2.62 3.10 2.84% 5.68% 8.52% 2.72 3.00 As, wt.% 0.150 0.004 0.141 0.159 0.137 0.163 2.98% 5.96% 8.94% 0.142 0.157 Be, ppm	Bi Fire Assay	Bi Fire Assay											
Au, ppm 11.18 0.180 10.82 11.54 10.64 11.72 1.61% 3.22% 4.84% 10.62 11.74 Infrared Combustion C, wt.% 0.937 0.028 0.881 0.992 0.853 1.020 2.99% 5.97% 8.96% 0.890 0.983 S, wt.% 1.63 0.042 1.55 1.72 1.51 1.76 2.55% 5.10% 7.65% 1.55 1.71 4-Acid Digestion Ag, ppm 0.479 0.041 0.398 0.561 0.357 0.602 8.54% 17.07% 25.61% 0.455 0.503 Al, wt.% 2.86 0.081 2.70 3.02 2.62 3.10 2.84% 5.68% 8.52% 2.72 3.00 As, wt.% 0.150 0.004 0.141 0.159 0.137 0.163 2.98% 5.96% 8.94% 0.142 0.157 Be, ppm 1026 166 694 1358 528 1524<	Au, ppm	10.90	0.346	10.21	11.59	9.86	11.94	3.18%	6.36%	9.53%	10.36	11.45	
New Color	PhotonAssay™ (recommended gross mass 450-480 g)												
C, wt.% 0.937 0.028 0.881 0.992 0.853 1.020 2.99% 5.97% 8.96% 0.890 0.983 S, wt.% 1.63 0.042 1.55 1.72 1.51 1.76 2.55% 5.10% 7.65% 1.55 1.71 4-Acid Digestion Ag, ppm 0.479 0.041 0.398 0.561 0.357 0.602 8.54% 17.07% 25.61% 0.455 0.503 Al, wt.% 2.86 0.081 2.70 3.02 2.62 3.10 2.84% 5.68% 8.52% 2.72 3.00 As, wt.% 0.150 0.004 0.141 0.159 0.137 0.163 2.98% 5.96% 8.94% 0.142 0.157 Ba, ppm 1026 166 694 1358 528 1524 16.17% 32.33% 48.50% 975 1078 Be, ppm 0.47 0.041 0.39 0.55 0.35 0.59 8.65% 17.30%	Au, ppm	11.18	0.180	10.82	11.54	10.64	11.72	1.61%	3.22%	4.84%	10.62	11.74	
S, wt.% 1.63 0.042 1.55 1.72 1.51 1.76 2.55% 5.10% 7.65% 1.55 1.71 4-Acid Digestion Ag, ppm 0.479 0.041 0.398 0.561 0.357 0.602 8.54% 17.07% 25.61% 0.455 0.503 Al, wt.% 2.86 0.081 2.70 3.02 2.62 3.10 2.84% 5.68% 8.52% 2.72 3.00 As, wt.% 0.150 0.004 0.141 0.159 0.137 0.163 2.98% 5.96% 8.94% 0.142 0.157 Ba, ppm 1026 166 694 1358 528 1524 16.17% 32.33% 48.50% 975 1078 Be, ppm 0.47 0.041 0.39 0.55 0.35 0.59 8.65% 17.30% 25.96% 0.45 0.50 Bi, ppm 0.58 0.037 0.51 0.66 0.47 0.69 6.36% 12.72%	Infrared Comi	oustion											
A-Acid Digestion Ag, ppm 0.479 0.041 0.398 0.561 0.357 0.602 8.54% 17.07% 25.61% 0.455 0.503 Al, wt.% 2.86 0.081 2.70 3.02 2.62 3.10 2.84% 5.68% 8.52% 2.72 3.00 As, wt.% 0.150 0.004 0.141 0.159 0.137 0.163 2.98% 5.96% 8.94% 0.142 0.157 Ba, ppm 1026 166 694 1358 528 1524 16.17% 32.33% 48.50% 975 1078 Be, ppm 0.47 0.041 0.39 0.55 0.35 0.59 8.65% 17.30% 25.96% 0.45 0.50 Bi, ppm 0.58 0.037 0.51 0.66 0.47 0.69 6.36% 12.72% 19.08% 0.55 0.61 Ca, wt.% 1.60 0.065 1.47 1.73 1.40 1.79 4.08% 8.16% 12.25	C, wt.%	0.937	0.028	0.881	0.992	0.853	1.020	2.99%	5.97%	8.96%	0.890	0.983	
Ag, ppm 0.479 0.041 0.398 0.561 0.357 0.602 8.54% 17.07% 25.61% 0.455 0.503 Al, wt.% 2.86 0.081 2.70 3.02 2.62 3.10 2.84% 5.68% 8.52% 2.72 3.00 As, wt.% 0.150 0.004 0.141 0.159 0.137 0.163 2.98% 5.96% 8.94% 0.142 0.157 Ba, ppm 1026 166 694 1358 528 1524 16.17% 32.33% 48.50% 975 1078 Be, ppm 0.47 0.041 0.39 0.55 0.35 0.59 8.65% 17.30% 25.96% 0.45 0.50 Bi, ppm 0.58 0.037 0.51 0.66 0.47 0.69 6.36% 12.72% 19.08% 0.55 0.61 Ca, wt.% 1.60 0.065 1.47 1.73 1.40 1.79 4.08% 8.16% 12.25% 1.52 1.68	S, wt.%	1.63	0.042	1.55	1.72	1.51	1.76	2.55%	5.10%	7.65%	1.55	1.71	
Al, wt.% 2.86 0.081 2.70 3.02 2.62 3.10 2.84% 5.68% 8.52% 2.72 3.00 As, wt.% 0.150 0.004 0.141 0.159 0.137 0.163 2.98% 5.96% 8.94% 0.142 0.157 Ba, ppm 1026 166 694 1358 528 1524 16.17% 32.33% 48.50% 975 1078 Be, ppm 0.47 0.041 0.39 0.55 0.35 0.59 8.65% 17.30% 25.96% 0.45 0.50 Bi, ppm 0.58 0.037 0.51 0.66 0.47 0.69 6.36% 12.72% 19.08% 0.55 0.61 Ca, wt.% 1.60 0.065 1.47 1.73 1.40 1.79 4.08% 8.16% 12.25% 1.52 1.68 Cd, ppm 0.25 0.03 0.20 0.30 0.17 0.33 10.71% 21.41% 32.12% 0.24 0.26 Ce, ppm 28.1 1.40 25.3 30.9 23.9 32.3 4.97% 9.94% 14.91% 26.7 29.5 Co, ppm 10.0 0.68 8.6 11.4 8.0 12.1 6.83% 13.66% 20.49% 9.5 10.5 Cr, ppm 201 53 94 307 41 360 26.47% 52.95% 79.42% 191 211 Cs, ppm 227 7 214 241 207 247 2.97% 5.95% 8.92% 216 239	4-Acid Digest	ion											
As, wt.% 0.150 0.004 0.141 0.159 0.137 0.163 2.98% 5.96% 8.94% 0.142 0.157 Ba, ppm 1026 166 694 1358 528 1524 16.17% 32.33% 48.50% 975 1078 Be, ppm 0.47 0.041 0.39 0.55 0.35 0.59 8.65% 17.30% 25.96% 0.45 0.50 Bi, ppm 0.58 0.037 0.51 0.66 0.47 0.69 6.36% 12.72% 19.08% 0.55 0.61 Ca, wt.% 1.60 0.065 1.47 1.73 1.40 1.79 4.08% 8.16% 12.25% 1.52 1.68 Cd, ppm 0.25 0.03 0.20 0.30 0.17 0.33 10.71% 21.41% 32.12% 0.24 0.26 Ce, ppm 28.1 1.40 25.3 30.9 23.9 32.3 4.97% 9.94% 14.91% 26.7 29.5	Ag, ppm	0.479	0.041	0.398	0.561	0.357	0.602	8.54%	17.07%	25.61%	0.455	0.503	
Ba, ppm 1026 166 694 1358 528 1524 16.17% 32.33% 48.50% 975 1078 Be, ppm 0.47 0.041 0.39 0.55 0.35 0.59 8.65% 17.30% 25.96% 0.45 0.50 Bi, ppm 0.58 0.037 0.51 0.66 0.47 0.69 6.36% 12.72% 19.08% 0.55 0.61 Ca, wt.% 1.60 0.065 1.47 1.73 1.40 1.79 4.08% 8.16% 12.25% 1.52 1.68 Cd, ppm 0.25 0.03 0.20 0.30 0.17 0.33 10.71% 21.41% 32.12% 0.24 0.26 Ce, ppm 28.1 1.40 25.3 30.9 23.9 32.3 4.97% 9.94% 14.91% 26.7 29.5 Co, ppm 10.0 0.68 8.6 11.4 8.0 12.1 6.83% 13.66% 20.49% 9.5 10.5	Al, wt.%	2.86	0.081	2.70	3.02	2.62	3.10	2.84%	5.68%	8.52%	2.72	3.00	
Be, ppm 0.47 0.041 0.39 0.55 0.35 0.59 8.65% 17.30% 25.96% 0.45 0.50 Bi, ppm 0.58 0.037 0.51 0.66 0.47 0.69 6.36% 12.72% 19.08% 0.55 0.61 Ca, wt.% 1.60 0.065 1.47 1.73 1.40 1.79 4.08% 8.16% 12.25% 1.52 1.68 Cd, ppm 0.25 0.03 0.20 0.30 0.17 0.33 10.71% 21.41% 32.12% 0.24 0.26 Ce, ppm 28.1 1.40 25.3 30.9 23.9 32.3 4.97% 9.94% 14.91% 26.7 29.5 Co, ppm 10.0 0.68 8.6 11.4 8.0 12.1 6.83% 13.66% 20.49% 9.5 10.5 Cr, ppm 201 53 94 307 41 360 26.47% 52.95% 79.42% 191 211	As, wt.%	0.150	0.004	0.141	0.159	0.137	0.163	2.98%	5.96%	8.94%	0.142	0.157	
Bi, ppm 0.58 0.037 0.51 0.66 0.47 0.69 6.36% 12.72% 19.08% 0.55 0.61 Ca, wt.% 1.60 0.065 1.47 1.73 1.40 1.79 4.08% 8.16% 12.25% 1.52 1.68 Cd, ppm 0.25 0.03 0.20 0.30 0.17 0.33 10.71% 21.41% 32.12% 0.24 0.26 Ce, ppm 28.1 1.40 25.3 30.9 23.9 32.3 4.97% 9.94% 14.91% 26.7 29.5 Co, ppm 10.0 0.68 8.6 11.4 8.0 12.1 6.83% 13.66% 20.49% 9.5 10.5 Cr, ppm 201 53 94 307 41 360 26.47% 52.95% 79.42% 191 211 Cs, ppm 2.17 0.085 2.00 2.34 1.91 2.42 3.93% 7.85% 11.78% 2.06 2.27 <	Ba, ppm	1026	166	694	1358	528	1524	16.17%	32.33%	48.50%	975	1078	
Ca, wt.% 1.60 0.065 1.47 1.73 1.40 1.79 4.08% 8.16% 12.25% 1.52 1.68 Cd, ppm 0.25 0.03 0.20 0.30 0.17 0.33 10.71% 21.41% 32.12% 0.24 0.26 Ce, ppm 28.1 1.40 25.3 30.9 23.9 32.3 4.97% 9.94% 14.91% 26.7 29.5 Co, ppm 10.0 0.68 8.6 11.4 8.0 12.1 6.83% 13.66% 20.49% 9.5 10.5 Cr, ppm 201 53 94 307 41 360 26.47% 52.95% 79.42% 191 211 Cs, ppm 2.17 0.085 2.00 2.34 1.91 2.42 3.93% 7.85% 11.78% 2.06 2.27 Cu, ppm 227 7 214 241 207 247 2.97% 5.95% 8.92% 216 239	Be, ppm	0.47	0.041	0.39	0.55	0.35	0.59	8.65%	17.30%	25.96%	0.45	0.50	
Cd, ppm 0.25 0.03 0.20 0.30 0.17 0.33 10.71% 21.41% 32.12% 0.24 0.26 Ce, ppm 28.1 1.40 25.3 30.9 23.9 32.3 4.97% 9.94% 14.91% 26.7 29.5 Co, ppm 10.0 0.68 8.6 11.4 8.0 12.1 6.83% 13.66% 20.49% 9.5 10.5 Cr, ppm 201 53 94 307 41 360 26.47% 52.95% 79.42% 191 211 Cs, ppm 2.17 0.085 2.00 2.34 1.91 2.42 3.93% 7.85% 11.78% 2.06 2.27 Cu, ppm 227 7 214 241 207 247 2.97% 5.95% 8.92% 216 239	Bi, ppm	0.58	0.037	0.51	0.66	0.47	0.69	6.36%	12.72%	19.08%	0.55	0.61	
Ce, ppm 28.1 1.40 25.3 30.9 23.9 32.3 4.97% 9.94% 14.91% 26.7 29.5 Co, ppm 10.0 0.68 8.6 11.4 8.0 12.1 6.83% 13.66% 20.49% 9.5 10.5 Cr, ppm 201 53 94 307 41 360 26.47% 52.95% 79.42% 191 211 Cs, ppm 2.17 0.085 2.00 2.34 1.91 2.42 3.93% 7.85% 11.78% 2.06 2.27 Cu, ppm 227 7 214 241 207 247 2.97% 5.95% 8.92% 216 239	Ca, wt.%	1.60	0.065	1.47	1.73	1.40	1.79	4.08%	8.16%	12.25%	1.52	1.68	
Co, ppm 10.0 0.68 8.6 11.4 8.0 12.1 6.83% 13.66% 20.49% 9.5 10.5 Cr, ppm 201 53 94 307 41 360 26.47% 52.95% 79.42% 191 211 Cs, ppm 2.17 0.085 2.00 2.34 1.91 2.42 3.93% 7.85% 11.78% 2.06 2.27 Cu, ppm 227 7 214 241 207 247 2.97% 5.95% 8.92% 216 239	Cd, ppm	0.25	0.03	0.20	0.30	0.17	0.33	10.71%	21.41%	32.12%	0.24	0.26	
Cr, ppm 201 53 94 307 41 360 26.47% 52.95% 79.42% 191 211 Cs, ppm 2.17 0.085 2.00 2.34 1.91 2.42 3.93% 7.85% 11.78% 2.06 2.27 Cu, ppm 227 7 214 241 207 247 2.97% 5.95% 8.92% 216 239	Ce, ppm	28.1	1.40	25.3	30.9	23.9	32.3	4.97%	9.94%	14.91%	26.7	29.5	
Cs, ppm 2.17 0.085 2.00 2.34 1.91 2.42 3.93% 7.85% 11.78% 2.06 2.27 Cu, ppm 227 7 214 241 207 247 2.97% 5.95% 8.92% 216 239	Co, ppm	10.0	0.68	8.6	11.4	8.0	12.1	6.83%	13.66%	20.49%	9.5	10.5	
Cu, ppm 227 7 214 241 207 247 2.97% 5.95% 8.92% 216 239	Cr, ppm	201	53	94	307	41	360	26.47%	52.95%	79.42%	191	211	
	Cs, ppm	2.17	0.085	2.00	2.34	1.91	2.42	3.93%	7.85%	11.78%	2.06	2.27	
Dy, ppm 2.36 0.26 1.84 2.88 1.58 3.13 11.03% 22.06% 33.08% 2.24 2.47	Cu, ppm	227	7	214	241	207	247	2.97%	5.95%	8.92%	216	239	
	Dy, ppm	2.36	0.26	1.84	2.88	1.58	3.13	11.03%	22.06%	33.08%	2.24	2.47	

SI unit equivalents: ppm (parts per million; 1×10^{-6}) \equiv mg/kg; wt.% (weight per cent) \equiv % (mass fraction).

Note 1: intervals may appear asymmetric due to rounding; IND = indeterminate.

Note 2: the number of decimal places quoted does not imply accuracy of the certified value to this level but are given to minimise rounding errors when calculating 2SD and 3SD windows.

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Table 6 continued.

Table 6 Continued.												
Constituent	Certified		Absolute	Standard	Deviations	3	Relative	Standard D	eviations	5 % window		
Constituent	Value	1SD	2SD Low	2SD High	3SD Low	3SD High	1RSD	2RSD	3RSD	Low	High	
4-Acid Digest	ion continue	ed										
Er, ppm	1.35	0.20	0.95	1.75	0.75	1.95	14.71%	29.42%	44.14%	1.28	1.42	
Eu, ppm	0.65	0.12	0.42	0.89	0.30	1.01	18.18%	36.36%	54.53%	0.62	0.69	
Fe, wt.%	1.87	0.058	1.76	1.99	1.70	2.05	3.10%	6.19%	9.29%	1.78	1.97	
Ga, ppm	6.96	0.339	6.28	7.63	5.94	7.97	4.88%	9.76%	14.64%	6.61	7.30	
Gd, ppm	2.89	0.164	2.56	3.22	2.40	3.38	5.66%	11.33%	16.99%	2.74	3.03	
Hf, ppm	1.34	0.106	1.13	1.55	1.03	1.66	7.86%	15.73%	23.59%	1.28	1.41	
Ho, ppm	0.45	0.05	0.35	0.56	0.30	0.61	11.44%	22.89%	34.33%	0.43	0.48	
In, ppm	0.044	0.008	0.029	0.059	0.021	0.067	17.23%	34.46%	51.69%	0.042	0.046	
K, wt.%	0.420	0.017	0.386	0.454	0.369	0.471	4.05%	8.10%	12.15%	0.399	0.441	
La, ppm	15.5	0.48	14.6	16.5	14.1	17.0	3.08%	6.16%	9.24%	14.8	16.3	
Li, ppm	28.8	1.36	26.1	31.6	24.8	32.9	4.72%	9.43%	14.15%	27.4	30.3	
Lu, ppm	0.18	0.016	0.15	0.21	0.13	0.23	8.75%	17.50%	26.25%	0.17	0.19	
Mg, wt.%	0.279	0.013	0.252	0.305	0.239	0.318	4.69%	9.38%	14.08%	0.265	0.292	
Mn, wt.%	0.006	0.000	0.005	0.006	0.005	0.006	4.92%	9.84%	14.76%	0.005	0.006	
Mo, ppm	17.8	0.69	16.5	19.2	15.8	19.9	3.85%	7.70%	11.55%	17.0	18.7	
Na, wt.%	0.019	0.005	0.010	0.029	0.006	0.033	23.38%	46.76%	70.14%	0.018	0.020	
Nb, ppm	6.81	0.519	5.77	7.85	5.25	8.37	7.62%	15.24%	22.86%	6.47	7.15	
Nd, ppm	15.2	0.56	14.0	16.3	13.5	16.8	3.68%	7.36%	11.04%	14.4	15.9	
Ni, ppm	72	3.6	64	79	61	82	5.03%	10.07%	15.10%	68	75	
P, wt.%	0.159	0.006	0.147	0.171	0.140	0.177	3.84%	7.67%	11.51%	0.151	0.167	
Pb, ppm	7.60	0.558	6.49	8.72	5.93	9.28	7.34%	14.68%	22.03%	7.22	7.99	
Pr, ppm	3.83	0.130	3.57	4.08	3.44	4.21	3.39%	6.78%	10.16%	3.63	4.02	
Rb, ppm	24.3	1.16	22.0	26.6	20.9	27.8	4.76%	9.52%	14.28%	23.1	25.5	
Re, ppm	0.024	0.002	0.019	0.029	0.017	0.032	10.07%	20.14%	30.20%	0.023	0.026	
S, wt.%	1.61	0.043	1.53	1.70	1.48	1.74	2.64%	5.29%	7.93%	1.53	1.69	
Sb, ppm	251	13	225	276	212	289	5.14%	10.28%	15.43%	238	263	
Sc, ppm	2.73	0.157	2.41	3.04	2.25	3.20	5.77%	11.55%	17.32%	2.59	2.86	
Se, ppm	1.84	0.48	0.89	2.80	0.41	3.28	25.97%	51.94%	77.91%	1.75	1.94	
Sm, ppm	2.99	0.153	2.69	3.30	2.54	3.45	5.10%	10.21%	15.31%	2.85	3.14	
Sn, ppm	1.55	0.108	1.33	1.76	1.22	1.87	6.99%	13.99%	20.98%	1.47	1.62	
Sr, ppm	21.7	0.73	20.2	23.1	19.5	23.9	3.38%	6.77%	10.15%	20.6	22.8	
Ta, ppm	0.41	0.06	0.30	0.52	0.24	0.58	13.77%	27.55%	41.32%	0.39	0.43	
Tb, ppm	0.39	0.018	0.35	0.43	0.34	0.45	4.70%	9.41%	14.11%	0.37	0.41	
Te, ppm	0.63	0.057	0.51	0.74	0.45	0.80	9.18%	18.35%	27.53%	0.59	0.66	
Th, ppm	4.93	0.286	4.36	5.50	4.07	5.79	5.80%	11.60%	17.40%	4.68	5.18	
Ti, wt.%	0.155	0.006	0.144	0.167	0.138	0.173	3.66%	7.31%	10.97%	0.148	0.163	
TI, ppm	18.6	1.02	16.6	20.7	15.5	21.7	5.50%	11.01%	16.51%	17.7	19.5	
Tm, ppm	0.17	0.016	0.14	0.20	0.13	0.22	9.13%	18.26%	27.38%	0.16	0.18	
U, ppm	6.02	0.338	5.35	6.70	5.01	7.04	5.61%	11.21%	16.82%	5.72	6.32	
V, ppm	184	7	169	198	162	206	3.94%	7.88%	11.82%	175	193	
W, ppm	52 15.0	4.0	44	60	40	64	7.75%	15.49%	23.24%	49	54	
Y, ppm	15.9	1.05	13.8	18.0	12.7	19.0	6.60%	13.20%	19.80%	15.1	16.7	
Yb, ppm	1.18	0.094	0.99	1.37	0.90	1.46	8.00%	16.00%	24.00%	1.12	1.24	

SI unit equivalents: ppm (parts per million; 1×10^{-6}) \equiv mg/kg; wt.% (weight per cent) \equiv % (mass fraction).

Note 2: the number of decimal places quoted does not imply accuracy of the certified value to this level but are given to minimise rounding errors when calculating 2SD and 3SD windows.

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Note 1: intervals may appear asymmetric due to rounding.

Table 6 continued.

Constituent	Certified		Absolute	Standard	Deviations	5	Relative	Standard D	eviations	5 % w	5 % window	
Constituent	Value	1SD	2SD Low	2SD High	3SD Low	3SD High	1RSD	2RSD	3RSD	Low	High	
4-Acid Digest	ion continu	ed										
Zn, ppm	41.2	2.60	36.0	46.4	33.4	49.0	6.31%	12.63%	18.94%	39.1	43.3	
Zr, ppm	48.1	2.30	43.6	52.7	41.3	55.0	4.77%	9.54%	14.31%	45.7	50.6	
Aqua Regia Digestion												
Ag, ppm	0.460	0.039	0.382	0.538	0.344	0.577	8.45%	16.90%	25.35%	0.437	0.483	
AI, wt.%	0.684	0.060	0.564	0.804	0.504	0.864	8.78%	17.56%	26.34%	0.650	0.718	
As, wt.%	0.151	0.006	0.139	0.164	0.132	0.170	4.20%	8.40%	12.60%	0.144	0.159	
Au, ppm	7.13	0.493	6.14	8.12	5.65	8.61	6.92%	13.83%	20.75%	6.77	7.49	
B, ppm	< 10	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND	
Be, ppm	0.13	0.02	0.09	0.16	0.08	0.17	12.77%	25.53%	38.30%	0.12	0.13	
Bi, ppm	0.56	0.035	0.49	0.63	0.46	0.67	6.18%	12.36%	18.54%	0.54	0.59	
Ca, wt.%	1.55	0.075	1.40	1.70	1.32	1.77	4.87%	9.75%	14.62%	1.47	1.62	
Cd, ppm	0.24	0.021	0.20	0.28	0.18	0.30	8.62%	17.25%	25.87%	0.23	0.25	
Ce, ppm	22.9	0.99	20.9	24.9	20.0	25.9	4.33%	8.67%	13.00%	21.8	24.1	
Co, ppm	9.63	0.498	8.63	10.62	8.13	11.12	5.18%	10.35%	15.53%	9.15	10.11	
Cr, ppm	36.7	2.69	31.3	42.0	28.6	44.7	7.34%	14.69%	22.03%	34.8	38.5	
Cs, ppm	0.94	0.073	0.80	1.09	0.73	1.16	7.70%	15.39%	23.09%	0.90	0.99	
Cu, ppm	227	7	214	240	208	247	2.89%	5.78%	8.67%	216	239	
Fe, wt.%	1.81	0.073	1.66	1.96	1.59	2.03	4.04%	8.08%	12.12%	1.72	1.90	
Ga, ppm	2.17	0.26	1.64	2.70	1.38	2.96	12.13%	24.25%	36.38%	2.06	2.28	
Hf, ppm	0.18	0.02	0.14	0.22	0.12	0.24	10.90%	21.80%	32.70%	0.17	0.19	
Hg, ppm	8.11	0.475	7.16	9.05	6.68	9.53	5.85%	11.71%	17.56%	7.70	8.51	
In, ppm	0.036	0.004	0.029	0.044	0.025	0.048	10.87%	21.74%	32.60%	0.035	0.038	
K, wt.%	0.106	0.012	0.082	0.130	0.070	0.142	11.32%	22.65%	33.97%	0.100	0.111	
La, ppm	12.3	0.59	11.1	13.5	10.5	14.1	4.81%	9.63%	14.44%	11.7	12.9	
Li, ppm	4.41	0.56	3.29	5.53	2.73	6.09	12.71%	25.41%	38.12%	4.19	4.63	
Mg, wt.%	0.211	0.011	0.189	0.232	0.179	0.243	5.07%	10.15%	15.22%	0.200	0.221	
Mn, wt.%	0.005	0.000	0.005	0.006	0.005	0.006	3.91%	7.82%	11.74%	0.005	0.005	
Mo, ppm	17.4	0.88	15.7	19.2	14.8	20.1	5.05%	10.10%	15.15%	16.5	18.3	
Ni, ppm	69	3.5	62	76	58	79	5.11%	10.22%	15.32%	65	72	
P, wt.%	0.159	0.007	0.144	0.173	0.137	0.181	4.59%	9.18%	13.77%	0.151	0.167	
Pb, ppm	6.84	0.659	5.52	8.16	4.87	8.82	9.63%	19.26%	28.89%	6.50	7.18	
Rb, ppm	6.31	0.70	4.91	7.71	4.21	8.41	11.11%	22.23%	33.34%	5.99	6.62	
Re, ppm	0.024	0.002	0.020	0.027	0.018	0.029	7.62%	15.23%	22.85%	0.022	0.025	
S, wt.%	1.59	0.037	1.51	1.66	1.48	1.70	2.36%	4.72%	7.07%	1.51	1.67	
Sb, ppm	216	17	181	250	164	268	8.03%	16.06%	24.09%	205	227	
Sc, ppm	0.98	0.13	0.72	1.23	0.59	1.36	13.06%	26.11%	39.17%	0.93	1.03	
Se, ppm	1.56	0.22	1.12	2.01	0.89	2.23	14.27%	28.53%	42.80%	1.48	1.64	
Sn, ppm	1.01	0.085	0.83	1.18	0.75	1.26	8.47%	16.94%	25.41%	0.95	1.06	
Sr, ppm	13.4	0.94	11.5	15.3	10.6	16.2	6.99%	13.98%	20.98%	12.7	14.1	
Ta, ppm	< 0.01	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND	IND	
Tb, ppm	0.33	0.009	0.31	0.35	0.30	0.36	2.83%	5.65%	8.48%	0.32	0.35	
Te, ppm	0.57	0.06	0.44	0.70	0.38	0.77	11.26%	22.53%	33.79%	0.55	0.60	
Th, ppm	3.85	0.242	3.37	4.33	3.12	4.57	6.28%	12.55%	18.83%	3.66	4.04	

SI unit equivalents: ppm (parts per million; 1×10^{-6}) \equiv mg/kg; wt.% (weight per cent) \equiv % (mass fraction).

Note 2: the number of decimal places quoted does not imply accuracy of the certified value to this level but are given to minimise rounding errors when calculating 2SD and 3SD windows.

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Note 1: intervals may appear asymmetric due to rounding.

Table 6 continued.

Constituent	Certified	Absolute Standard Deviations					Relative	Standard D	eviations	5 % window	
Constituent	Value	1SD	2SD Low	2SD High	3SD Low	3SD High	1RSD	2RSD	3RSD	Low	High
Aqua Regia Digestion continued											
Ti, wt.%	0.005	0.001	0.003	0.007	0.002	0.007	17.66%	35.33%	52.99%	0.005	0.005
TI, ppm	17.7	1.10	15.6	19.9	14.5	21.0	6.17%	12.35%	18.52%	16.9	18.6
U, ppm	4.41	0.377	3.66	5.17	3.28	5.55	8.54%	17.08%	25.61%	4.19	4.64
V, ppm	66	5.4	55	77	50	82	8.26%	16.52%	24.78%	63	69
W, ppm	17.5	1.9	13.8	21.2	11.9	23.1	10.61%	21.22%	31.83%	16.7	18.4
Y, ppm	9.30	0.508	8.28	10.31	7.78	10.82	5.46%	10.91%	16.37%	8.83	9.76
Yb, ppm	0.50	0.013	0.47	0.53	0.46	0.54	2.70%	5.39%	8.09%	0.47	0.52
Zn, ppm	39.4	1.44	36.5	42.2	35.0	43.7	3.67%	7.34%	11.00%	37.4	41.3
Zr, ppm	6.13	0.68	4.77	7.48	4.09	8.16	11.08%	22.16%	33.24%	5.82	6.43

SI unit equivalents: ppm (parts per million; 1×10^{-6}) \equiv mg/kg; wt.% (weight per cent) \equiv % (mass fraction).

Note 1: intervals may appear asymmetric due to rounding.

Note 2: the number of decimal places quoted does not imply accuracy of the certified value to this level but are given to minimise rounding errors when calculating 2SD and 3SD windows.

PARTICIPATING LABORATORIES

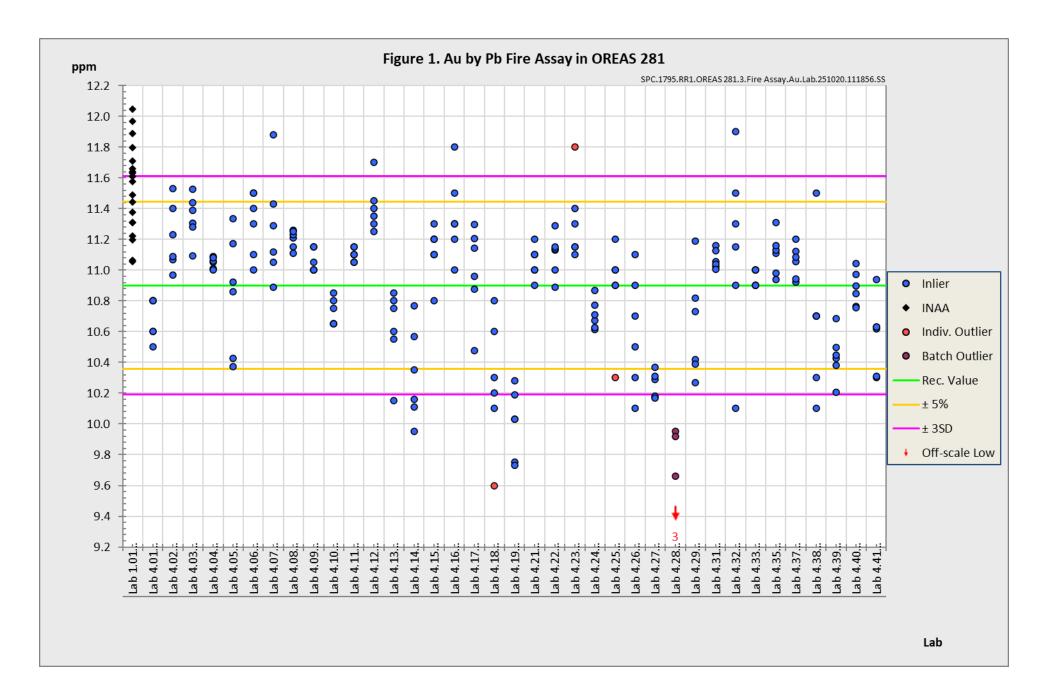
- 1. Actlabs, Ancaster, Ontario, Canada
- 2. AGAT Laboratories, Calgary, Alberta, Canada
- 3. AGAT Laboratories, Thunder Bay, Ontario, Canada
- 4. Alex Stewart International, Mendoza, Argentina
- 5. ALS, Canning Vale, WA, Australia
- 6. ALS, Johannesburg, South Africa
- 7. ALS, Kalgoorlie, WA, Australia
- 8. ALS, Lima, Peru
- 9. ALS, Loughrea, Galway, Ireland
- 10. ALS, Malaga, WA, Australia
- 11. ALS, Thunder Bay, Ontario, Canada
- 12. ALS, Vancouver, BC, Canada
- 13. American Assay Laboratories, Sparks, Nevada, USA
- 14. ANSTO, Lucas Heights, NSW, Australia
- 15. ARGETEST Mineral Processing, Ankara, Central Anatolia, Turkey
- 16. Britannia Mining Solutions, Hamilton, Ontario, Canada
- 17. BUREAU VERITAS AZERI LLC, Baku, Azerbaijan
- 18. Bureau Veritas Commodities and Trade, Inc., Sparks, Nevada, USA
- 19. Bureau Veritas Commodities Canada Ltd, Vancouver, BC, Canada
- 20. Bureau Veritas Geoanalytical, Perth, WA, Australia
- 21. Bureau Veritas Minerals, Ankara, Central Anatolia, Turkey
- 22. Bureau Veritas Minerals, Hermosillo, Sonora, Mexico
- 23. BV Coquimbo Laboratory, Coquimbo, Elqui, Chile

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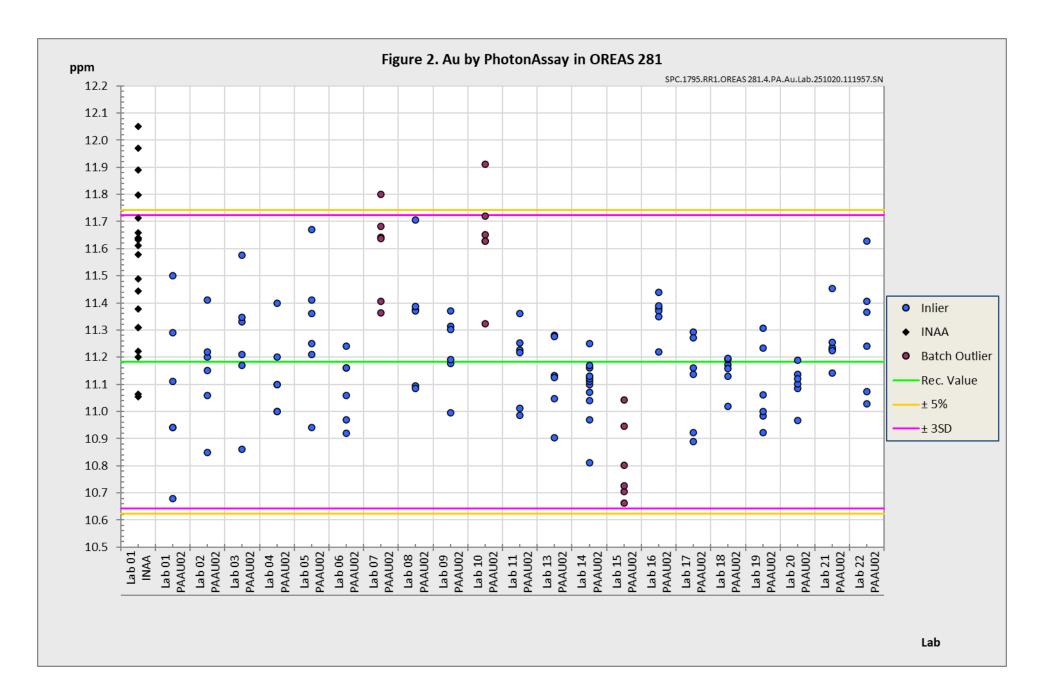
- 24. CERTIMIN, Lima, Peru
- 25. CERTIMIN, Trujillo, Peru
- 26. Geoanalitica, Antofagasta, Chile
- 27. Inspectorate (BV), Lima, Peru
- 28. Intertek, Cupang, Muntinlupa, Philippines
- 29. Intertek, Perth, WA, Australia
- 30. Intertek Genalysis, Adelaide, SA, Australia
- 31. Intertek Minerals Ltd, Tarkwa, Western Region, Ghana
- 32. MSA ENVAL Laboratories, Yamoussoukro, Côte d'Ivoire
- 33. MSALABS, Bougouni, Bamako, Mali
- 34. MSALABS, Prince George, BC, Canada
- 35. MSALABS, Val-d'Or, Quebec, Canada
- 36. MSALABS, Vancouver, BC, Canada
- 37. MSALABS Bulyanhulu Gold Mine, Bubada, Shinyanga, United Republic of Tanzania
- 38. MSALABS Carlin, Carlin, Nevada, USA
- 39. MSALABS Fairbanks, Fairbanks, Alaska, USA
- 40. MSALABS Geita, Geita, Geita, United Republic of Tanzania
- 41. MSALABS Kibali Gold Mines, Doko, Haut-Uélé, Congo, Democratic Republic of the (Zaire)
- 42. MSALABS Timmins, Timmins, Ontario, Canada
- 43. Nevada Gold Mines Assay Lab, Carlin, Nevada, USA
- 44. On Site Laboratory Services, Bendigo, VIC, Australia
- 45. Paragon Geochemical Laboratories, Sparks, Nevada, USA
- 46. PT BVI Lab Manado, Kabupaten Minahasa Utara, Sulawesi Utara, Indonesia
- 47. PT Geoservices Ltd, Cikarang, Jakarta Raya, Indonesia
- 48. PT Intertek Utama Services, Jakarta Timur, DKI Jakarta, Indonesia
- 49. Ravenswood, QLD, Australia
- 50. Reminex Centre de Recherche, Marrakesh, Marrakesh-Safi, Morocco
- 51. Rio Tinto Kennecott Copper Central Laboratory, Kennecott, Utah, USA
- 52. Saskatchewan Research Council, Saskatoon, Saskatchewan, Canada
- 53. SGS Australia Mineral Services, Kalgoorlie, WA, Australia
- 54. SGS Canada Inc., Vancouver, BC, Canada
- 55. SGS del Peru, Lima, Peru
- 56. SGS Geosol Laboratorios Ltda, Vespasiano, Minas Gerais, Brazil
- 57. SGS Mwanza, Mwanza, United Republic of Tanzania
- 58. Shiva Analyticals Ltd, Bangalore North, Karnataka, India
- 59. UIS Analytical Services, Centurion, South Africa

Please note: To maintain anonymity of participating laboratories, the alphabetical list above does not correspond to the Lab ID numbers shown in the scatter plots below.

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PREPARER AND SUPPLIER

Certified reference material OREAS 281 is prepared, certified and supplied by:

ORE Research & Exploration Pty Ltd Tel: +613-9729 0333 37A Hosie Street Web: www.oreas.com Email: info@ore.com.au Bayswater North VIC 3153

AUSTRALIA

METROLOGICAL TRACEABILITY

The interlaboratory results that underpin the certified values are metrologically traceable to the international measurement scale (SI) of mass (either as a % mass fraction or as milligrams per kilogram (mg/kg)) [14]. In line with popular use, all data within tables in this certificate are expressed as the mass fraction in either weight percent (wt.%) or parts per million (ppm).

The analytical samples sent to participating laboratories were selected in a manner to be representative of the entire prepared batch of CRM. This representativeness was maintained in each submitted laboratory sample batch and ensures the user that the data is traceable from sample selection through to the analytical results. The systematic sampling method was chosen due to the low risk of overlooking repetitive effects or trends in the batch due to the way the CRM was processed. In line with ISO 17025 [8], each analytical data set received from the participating laboratories has been validated by its assayer through the inclusion of internal reference materials and QC checks during and post analysis.

Participating laboratories were selected based on demonstrated analytical competence, including prior performance in interlaboratory comparison programs conducted by ORE Pty Ltd, with consideration given to their expertise in relevant analytical methods, measurands, and sample matrices. For the measurands reported in this certificate (Table 1), data were sourced from laboratories accredited to ISO/IEC 17025. Where formal accreditation was not held for specific operationally defined measurands, metrological traceability was verified through the use of well-characterised, independently certified reference materials (CRMs) included as control samples in the round robin study.

In accordance with ISO 33405:2024-05 [5], clause 9.2.5, and ISO 17034:2016 [9], clause 7.12.4 b), the use of such control samples provides an acceptable means of demonstrating traceability in the absence of formal accreditation. In this certification program, traceability was further supported by the agreement of measured values for control samples with their known certified values, thereby offering additional confidence in the calibration and validity of measurement results across participating laboratories.

Operationally Defined Measurands

In accordance with ISO 33405:2024-05, Clause 9.2.4, measurands (analytes) may be certified as operationally defined. For these measurands, traceability to the SI may not be achievable because the analytical procedure involves sample transformations (e.g., leaching or extraction). While instrument calibration can be traceable to appropriate units, the transformation steps themselves are not directly traceable and can only be evaluated through reference comparisons or harmonized procedures.

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Accordingly, characterisation of these measurands has been based on the concordance of results obtained from multiple laboratories using a common, well-defined procedure. This approach ensures fitness-for-purpose and fulfils the requirements for metrological traceability as specified in ISO 17034 and ISO 33405 for operationally defined measurands.

COMMUTABILITY

The certified values reported herein are derived from measurements performed using analytical methods involving sample pre-treatment steps, such as fusion or acid digestion. These processes convert the sample matrix into a chemically simplified and stable form, facilitating calibration traceable to primary standards via solution-based calibration protocols. Due to the established robustness and effectiveness of these pre-treatment methods, issues related to commutability are not expected to impact the suitability of this Certified Reference Material (CRM) for its intended use.

OREAS CRMs are prepared from natural ore materials, ensuring the presence of matrix and mineralogical characteristics representative of typical exploration, mine and process samples. Consistent with ISO 17034:2016 and ISO Guide 30, users are advised to select CRMs with matrix and mineralisation styles closely matching those of their routine samples to minimize matrix effects and enhance analytical comparability. Detailed descriptions of the CRM's source material and mineralogical characteristics are provided in the 'Source Material' section to guide appropriate CRM selection.

INTENDED USE

OREAS 281 is intended to cover all activities needed to produce a measurement result. This includes extraction, possible separation steps and the actual measurement process (the signal producing step). OREAS 281 may be used to calibrate the entire procedure by producing a pure substance CRM transformed into a calibration solution.

OREAS 281 is intended for the following uses:

- For the monitoring of laboratory performance in the analysis of analytes reported in Table 1 in geological samples;
- For the verification/ validation of analytical methods for analytes reported in Table 1;
- For the calibration of instruments used in the determination of the concentration of analytes reported in Table 1. When a value provided in this certificate is used to calibrate a measurement process, the uncertainty associated with that value should be appropriately propagated into the user's uncertainty calculation. Users can determine an approximation of the standard uncertainty by calculating one fourth of the width of the Expanded Uncertainty interval given in this certificate (Expanded Uncertainty intervals are provided in Tables 1).

MINIMUM SAMPLE SIZE

To relate analytical determinations to the values in this certificate, the minimum mass of sample used should match the typical mass that the laboratories used in the interlaboratory (round robin) certification program. This means that different minimum sample masses should be used depending on the operationally defined methodology as follows:

- Au by lead collection fire assay: ≥ 25 g;
- Au by bismuth collection fire assay: ≥ 30 g;
- Au by PhotonAssay[™] *recommended gross fill mass: 450-480 g;
- C and S by infrared combustion furnace/CS analyser: ≥ 0.1 g;
- 4-acid digestion with ICP-OES and/or MS finish: ≥ 0.25 g;
- Aqua regia digestion with ICP-OES and/or MS finish: ≥ 0.5 g.

PERIOD OF VALIDITY & STORAGE INSTRUCTIONS

The certification of OREAS 281 remains valid, within the specified measurement uncertainties, until at least April 2040, provided the CRM is handled and stored in accordance with the instructions given below. This certification is nullified if the CRM is any way changed or contaminated.

Store in a clean and cool dry place away from direct sunlight.

Long-term stability will be monitored at appropriate intervals and purchasers notified if any changes are observed. The period of validity may well be indefinite and will be reassessed prior to expiry with the aim of extending the validity if possible.

Single-use sachets

OREAS 281 is available in single-use, 60 g laminated foil sachets. Following analysis, it is the manufacturer's expectation that any remaining material is discarded. It is the user's responsibility to prevent contamination and avoid prolonged exposure of the sample to the atmosphere prior to analysis.

Repeat-use packaging (e.g., 500 g plastic jars)

After taking a subsample, users should replace the lid of the jar promptly and securely to prevent accidental spills and airborne contamination. OREAS 281 contains a non-hygroscopic* matrix with an indicative value for moisture provided to enable users to check for changes to stored material by determining moisture in the user's laboratory and comparing the result to the value in Table 3 in this certificate.

The risk to stability of the CRM in regard to oxidation from the breakdown of sulphide minerals to sulphates is minimal given its sulphur concentration (~1.6 wt.% S).

*A non-hygroscopic matrix means exposure to atmospheres significantly different, in terms of temperature and humidity, from the climate during manufacturing should have negligible impact on the precision of results. Hygroscopic moisture is the amount of adsorped moisture (weakly held H₂O- molecules on the surface of exposed material) following exposure to the local atmosphere. Usually, equilibration of material to the local atmosphere will only occur if the material is spread into a thin (~2mm thick) layer and left exposed for a period of 2 hours.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR HANDLING & CORRECT USE

Fine powders pose a risk to eyes and lungs and therefore standard precautions including the use of safety glasses and dust masks are advised.

^{*}Recommended gross fill mass refers to the mass of the entire jar assembly, including jar base, lid, and contents. This fill range was developed using a ~40g empty jar but should be achievable for any jar-lid combination.

Pre-homogenisation of the CRM prior to subsampling and analysis is not necessary as there is no particle segregation under transport [12].

All certified values contained within this report refer to the concentration levels in the packaged state. There is no need for drying prior to weighing and analysis.

Authoritative Source of Information

This Certificate of Analysis constitutes the primary and authoritative document for the certified values, associated expanded uncertainties, and their correct use. While the accompanying DataPack provides supporting information, including raw data and uncertainty estimates with additional significant figures, these extended figures are provided solely for transparency, convenience and statistical reference. Users must rely exclusively on the values stated in this Certificate, rounded to an appropriate number of significant figures, for all metrological and analytical purposes. Any discrepancy between values presented in the DataPack and those in this Certificate shall be resolved in favour of the information provided herein.

QC monitoring using multiples of the Standard Deviation (SD)

In the application of SD's in monitoring performance it is important to note that not all laboratories function at the same level of proficiency and that different methods in use at a particular laboratory have differing levels of precision. Each laboratory has its own inherent SD (for a specific concentration level and analyte-method pair) based on the analytical process and this SD is not directly related to the round robin program.

The majority of data generated in the round robin program was produced by a selection of world class laboratories. The SD's thus generated are more constrained than those that would be produced across a randomly selected group of laboratories. To produce more generally achievable SD's the 'pooled' SD's provided in this report include interlaboratory bias. This 'one size fits all' approach may require revision at the discretion of the QC manager concerned following careful scrutiny of QC control charts.

The performance gates shown in Table 5 are intended only to be used as a preliminary guide as to what a laboratory may be able to achieve. Over a period of time monitoring your own laboratory's data for this CRM, SD's should be calculated directly from your own laboratory's process. This will enable you to establish more specific performance gates that are fit for purpose for your application as well as the ability to monitor bias. If your long-term trend analysis shows an average value that is within the 95 % expanded uncertainty then generally there is no cause for concern in regard to bias.

For use with the aqua regia digestion method

It is important to note that in the analytical industry there is no standardisation of the aqua regia digestion process. This method is a partial empirical digest and differences in recoveries for various analytes are commonplace. These are caused by variations in the digest conditions and can include the ratio of nitric to hydrochloric acids, acid strength, temperatures, leach times and secondary digestions. Recoveries for sulphide-hosted base metal sulphides approach total values, however, other analytes, in particular the lithophile elements, show greater sensitivity to method parameters. This can result in lack of consensus in an inter-laboratory certification program for these elements.

The approach applied here is to report certified values in those instances where reasonable agreement exists amongst a majority of participating laboratories. The results of specific laboratories may differ significantly from the certified values, but will, nonetheless, be valid

and reproducible in the context of the specifics of the aqua regia method in use. Users of this reference material should, therefore, be mindful of this limitation when applying the certified values in a quality control program.

LEGAL NOTICE

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0	7 th November, 2025	First publication.

CERTIFYING OFFICER

Craig Hamlyn (B.Sc. Hons - Geology), Technical Manager - ORE P/L

QMS CERTIFICATION

ORE Pty Ltd is accredited for compliance with ISO 17034:2016 (Accreditation number 20483).





ORE Pty Ltd is ISO 9001:2015 certified by Lloyd's Register Quality Assurance Ltd for its quality management system including development, manufacturing, certification and supply of CRMs.





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